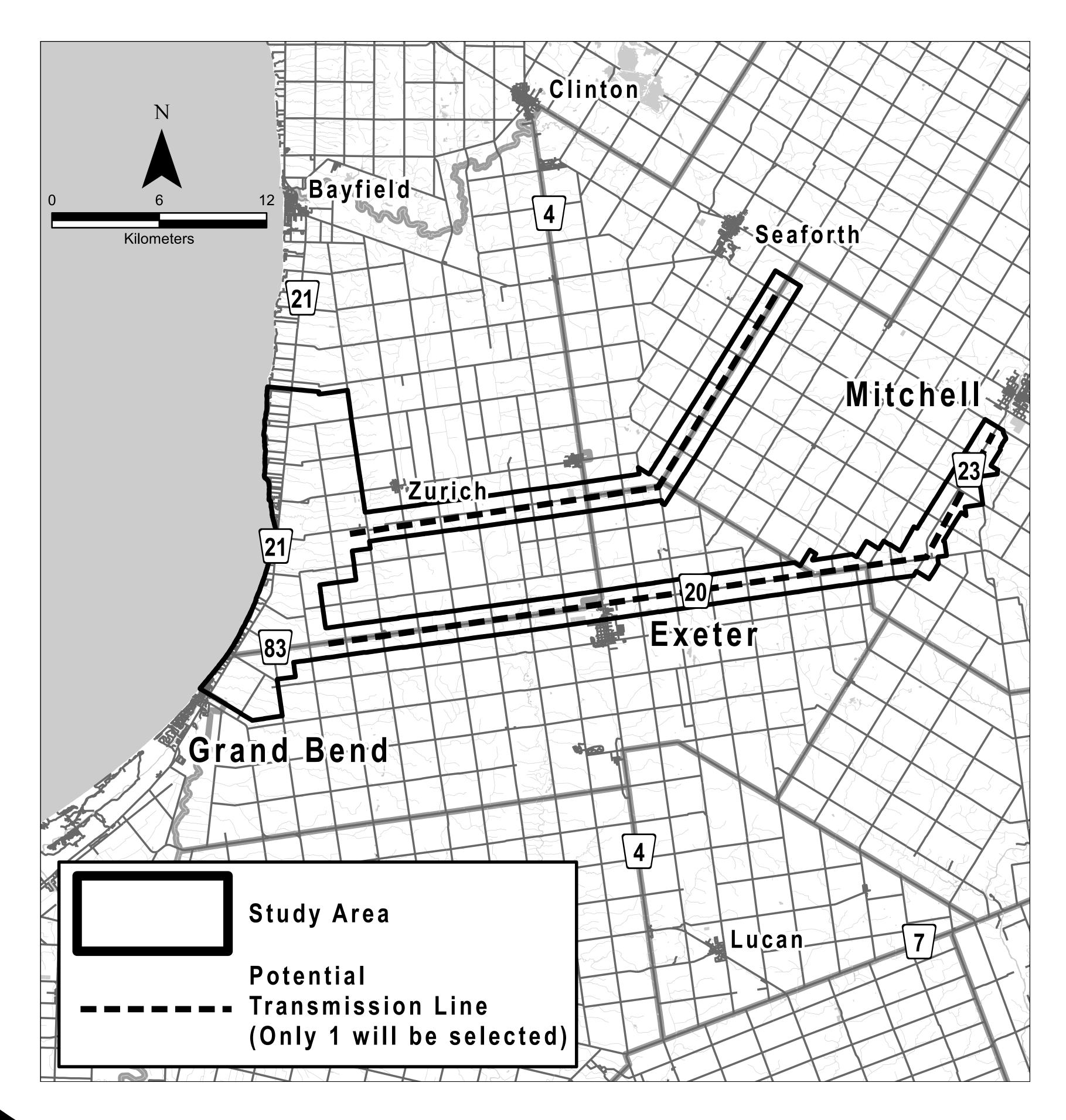
Grand Bend Wind Farm Public Information Centre #1 April 2nd, 3rd, 5th, 12th

- Alexandress Au Alexand







Welcome

Please....

- Sign In.
- provide comments.
- on the form by April 27, 2012.



 Ask us any questions you may have about the project or the results / scope of study.

• There is an opportunity at any time during the REA process for interested persons to

 Complete a comment sheet and place it in the box or mail back to the address shown

 Note: boards and comment sheets are available on the Project website http://grandbend.northlandpower.ca

Purpose of Today's Meeting

- participants
- To explain the Project
- To explain the key steps in the Process
- **Negative Impacts and Preliminary** Mitigation Measures
- Identify Next Steps in the process
- Collect and consider your feedback
- Neegan Burnside Ltd. are available to answer your questions and take your comments

• To provide an overview of the Project

Renewable Energy Approvals (REA)

• To present the Potential Environmental

Listen to your questions and comments

Representatives from Northland Power and











Importance of the Grand Bend Wind Project

- The Province of Ontario is committed to wind power forming part of Ontario's energy mix.
- Wind energy is generating clean electricity, new jobs and economic development opportunities in communities across the country and tax benefits for municipalities.
- Renewable energy is an important tool in our fight to avoid climate change.
- Wind is an affordable source of new energy supply that protects against unpredictable fuel and carbon costs.
- Feed-In-Tarrifs are a way of creating a stable market for renewable energy investment by providing predictable revenue to wind producers and increasing their access to financing.





Grand Bend Wind Limited Partnership Wholly Owned Subsidiary NORTHLAND POWER of Northland Power Inc

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- communities remain vibrant, healthy places to live:

 - our neighbours.

Sustainability is a core value at Northland Power. The company was founded on the belief that clean and green energy is vital to the future of our planet. In business since 1987, Northland Power has developed facilities that generate over 1,000 MW of electricity.

Northland Power is one of the few North American power developers that owns and operates the facilities it builds for the long term. As such, Northland is committed to ensuring that its host

Northland's first priority is to ensure people have the knowledge, tools and time to work safely. Northland is prepared to invest more at a project's front end to increase economic life, minimize future maintenance costs, optimize operating efficiency and minimize disruptions for

Northland engages the community by involving local suppliers and First Nations in new project construction and hiring permanent staff locally wherever possible. Construction and operational practices are engineered to meet the highest environmental standards, even in jurisdictions where lower standards are legislated.





- power grid.
- from the Highway.

Project Overview

The Grand Bend Wind Limited Partnership is proposing to develop a 100 MW wind facility north of Grand Bend, Ontario. The Project will include approximately 45-48 turbines, turbine access roads, an underground electrical collection system, new overhead lines within municipal road right of ways and connection to the provincial

All turbines are located to the east of Highway 21. The closest turbine is 650 m from the Highway. The majority of the turbines are over 1,000 m

The Project is located on private land within the County of Huron, spanning the lower-tier Municipalities of Bluewater and South Huron. Portions of the transmission line traverse the municipality of Huron East and municipality of West Pert in Perth County



Project Study Area

Please refer to the larger image posted nearby for the detailed preliminary layout of turbines

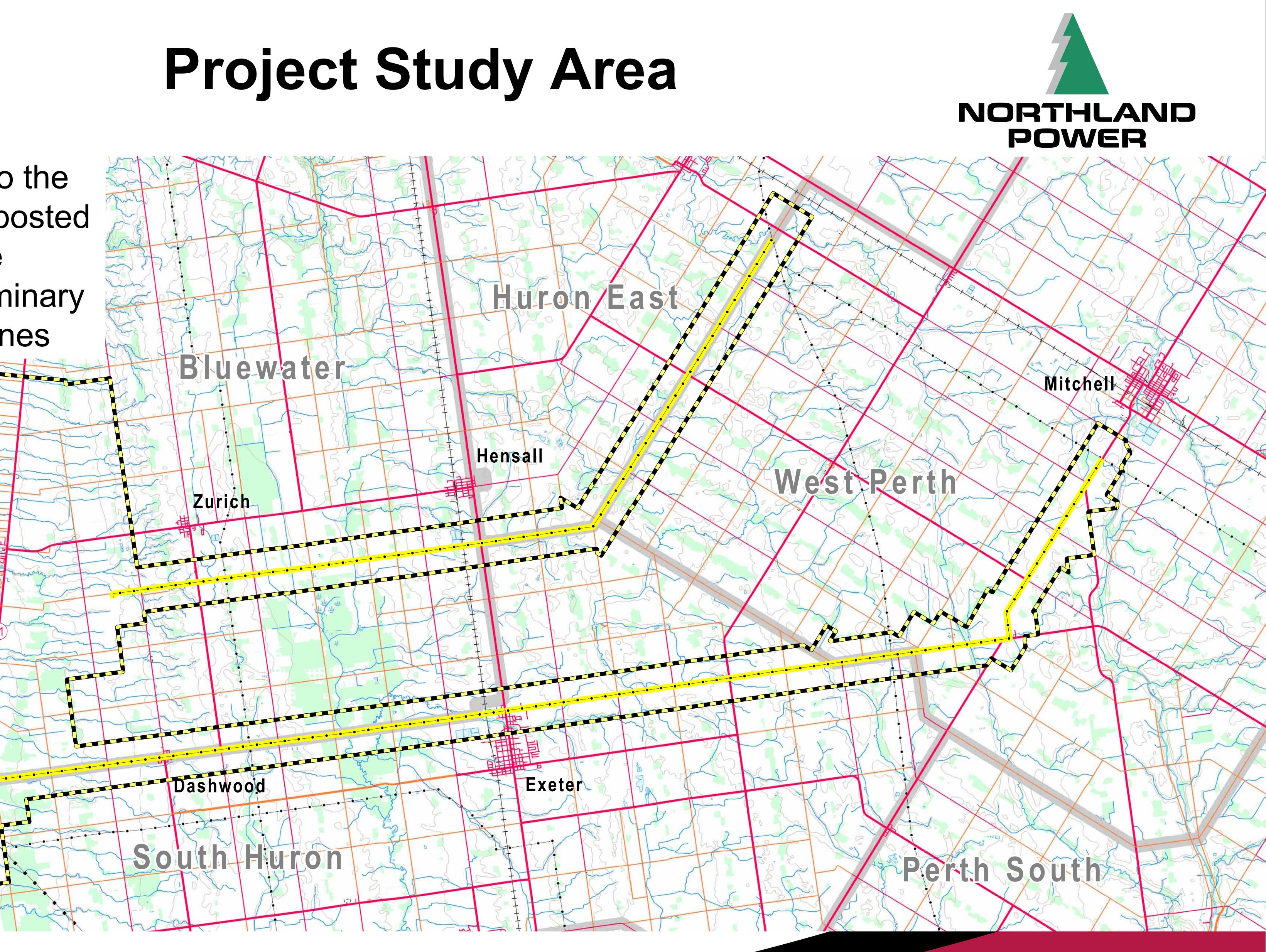
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Grand Bend

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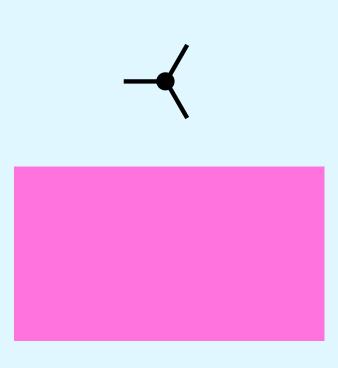
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Note: turbine layout in unconstrained areas is preliminary



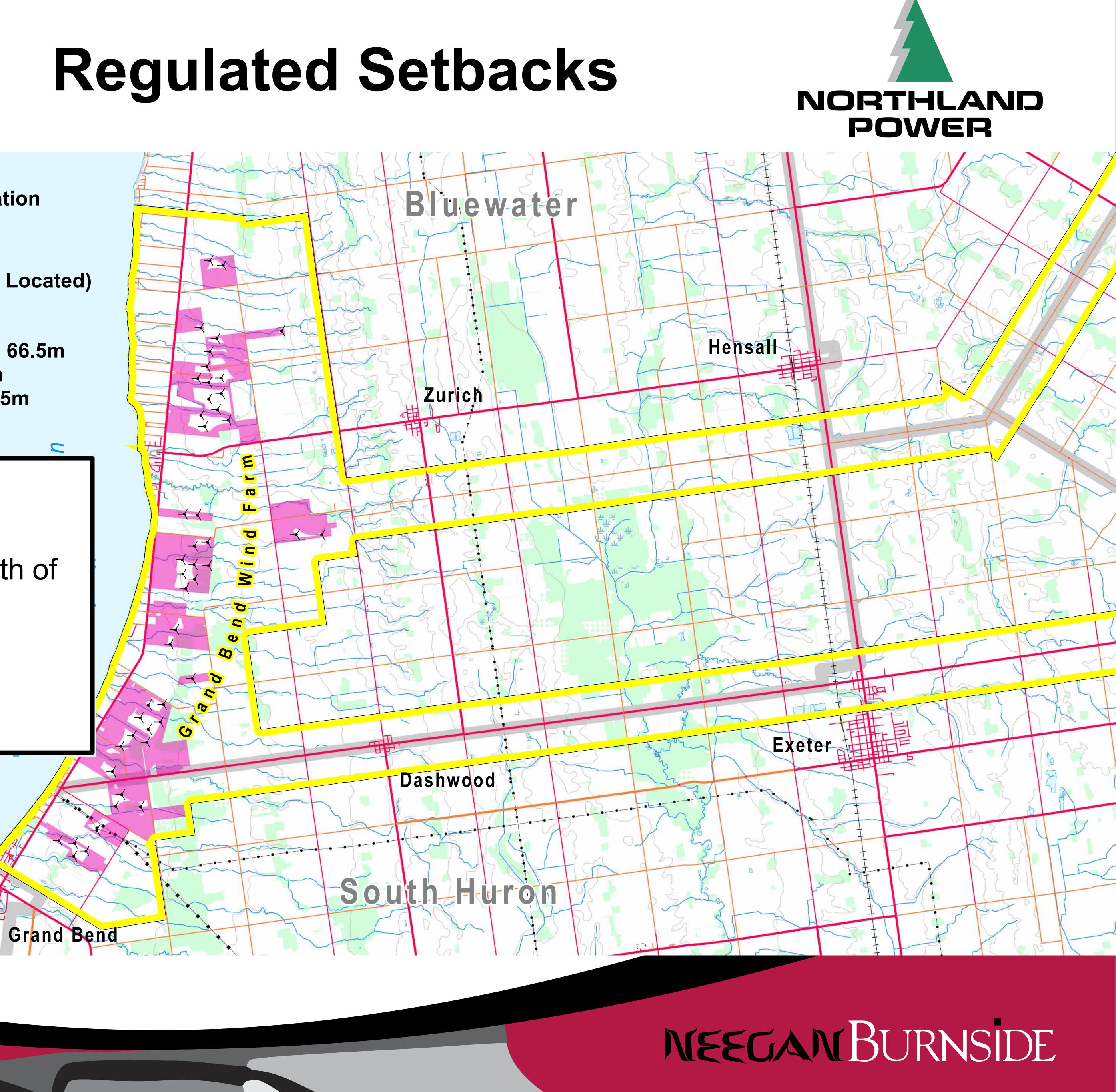
Wind Turbine Location

Constrained Area (Turbines Can't Be Located)

Setback from Receptor: 550m Setback from Property Boundary: 66.5m Setback from Right of Way: 66.5m Setback from Natural Feature: 86.5m

 Noise - 550 m from noise receptor (non-participating)

 Property/Road/Rail – Length of blade (56.5m) plus 10m •Natural Features – 120m or **Environmental Impact Study** required



Other Projects in Immediate Vicinity

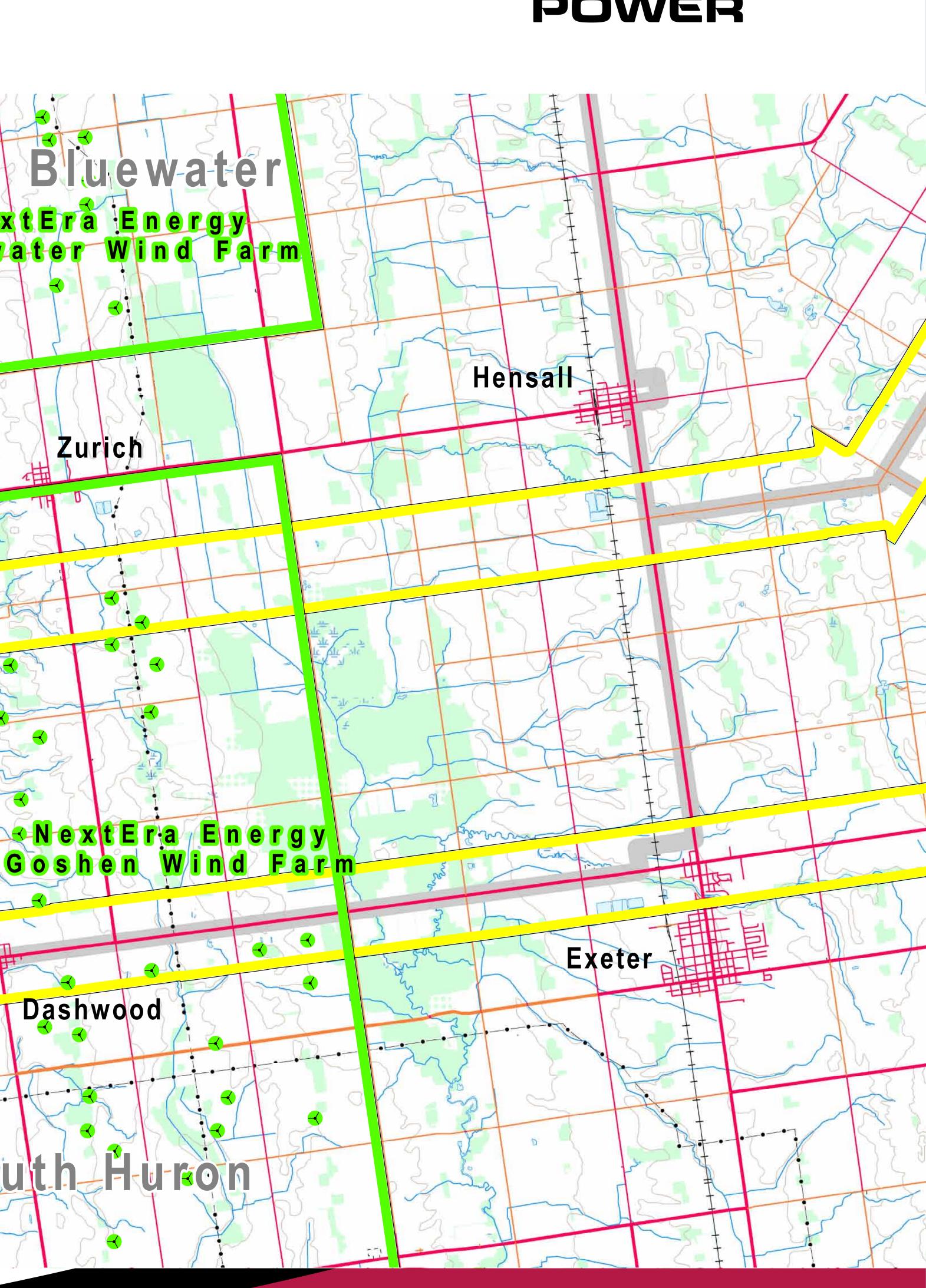
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Grand Bend

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We recognize that there are other projects in the immediate vicinity of the Grand Bend Wind Farm. These projects (such as Bluewater and Goshen) will be considered during the cumulative effects assessment







Renewable Energy Approvals (REA) An Overview

The Project is subject to the REA process, subject to the provisions of the Environmental Protection Act and Ontario Regulation 359/09. The REA process entails consideration of environmental aspects, natural heritage features and water bodies as well as heritage and archaeological resources. In addition, the REA process includes, public, agency and First Nation consultations. Throughout the REA process, Northland Power will do everything in its power to ensure that negative environmental impacts are reduced and/or eliminated.

Notice of Proposal (and Draft Project Description Report release)

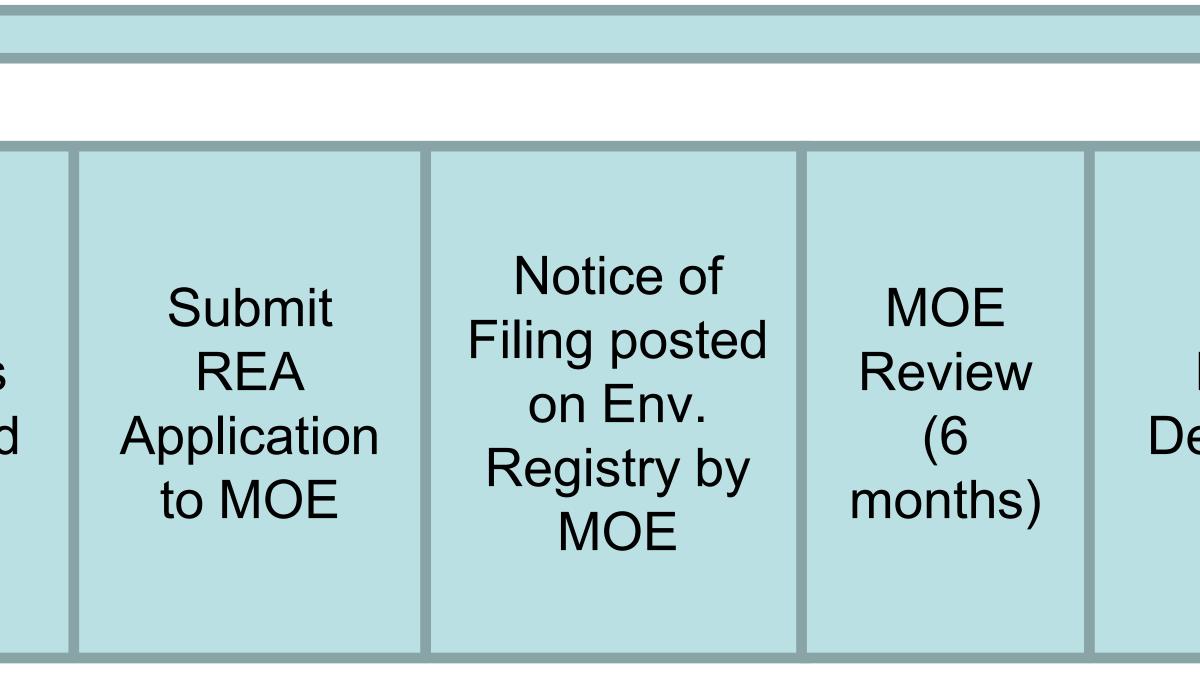
Public Meeting #1

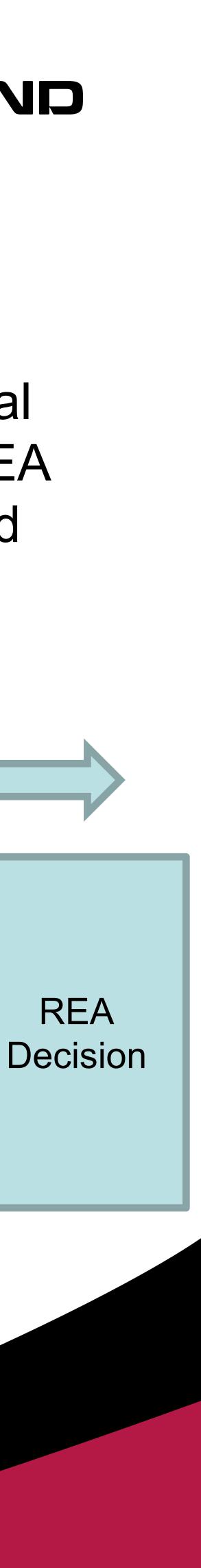
Completion of Environmental and Technical Studies



Notice of Public Meeting #2 (and release of draft studies)	<section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header>	Project Layout Finalized	Reports







Overview of How the Technology Works

- Wind moves over the turbine blades causing a "lift". This "lift" force results in rotation of the blade assembly.
- Inside the nacelle, the blades propel a shaft that drives a generator through a gearbox and converts the mechanical power to electrical power.
- The electricity is carried down the cables inside the tower to underground distribution lines.
- Transmission lines carry the power to the provincial power grid.

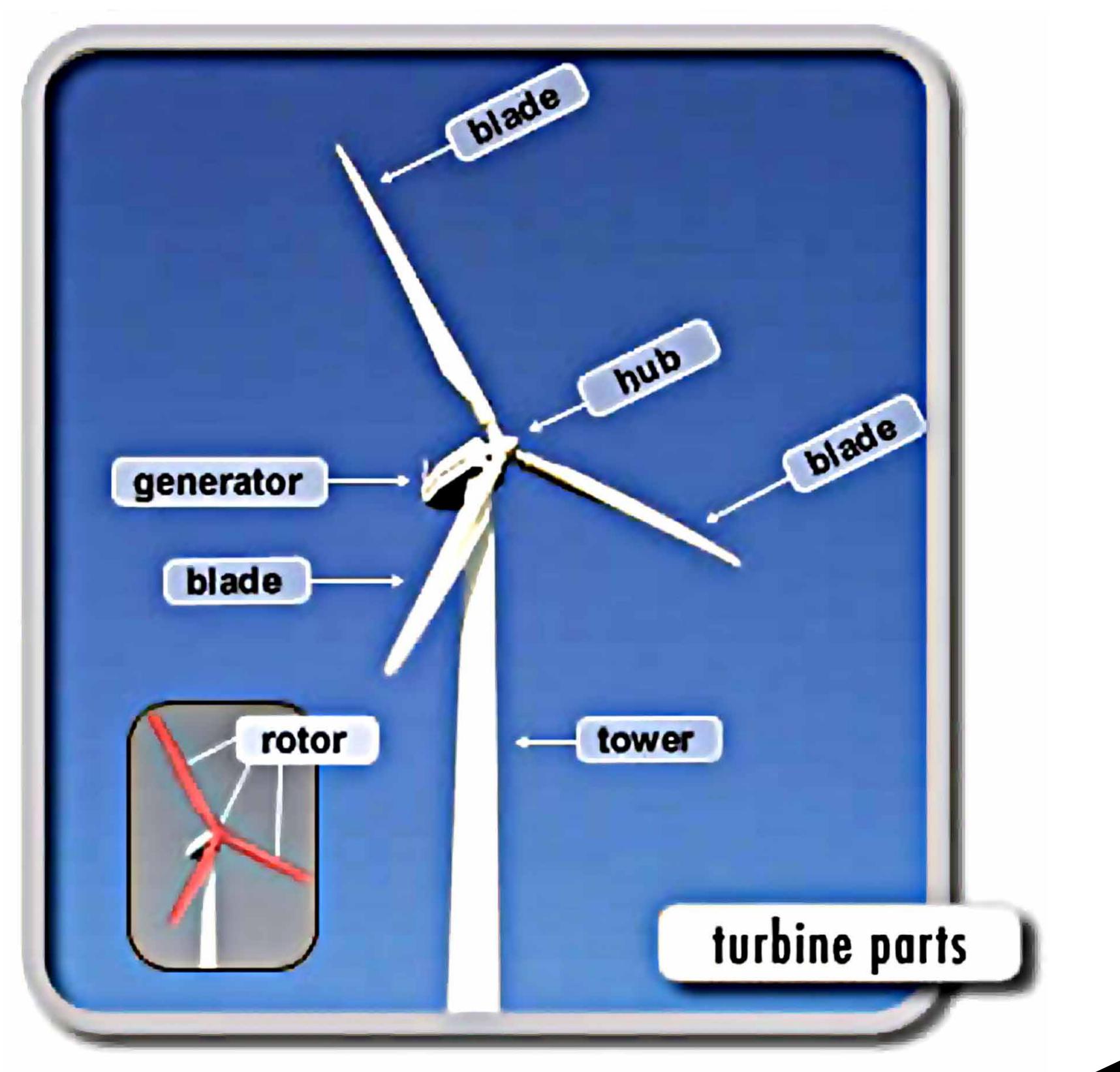






Facility Components Wind Turbines

- 50% Ontario content will be achieved for the Project – Steel from Ontario, Blades and Towers formed in Ontario
- Siemens SWT-2.3 -113 \bullet
- Nameplate capacity 2.3 MW
- Hub height 99.5 m
- Blade length 55 m
- Rotor diameter 113 m
- Rotor sweep area $10,000 \text{ m}^2$
- Speed range 6-13 rpm
 - Frequency 60 Hz





Facility Components Electrical

- base of the tower;
- sub-station; and,
- east of the Project Study Area;
- TS location (preferred); or, west of Mitchell.
 - A 30 m X 30 m (approx. size) substation will be

Step-up transformers adjacent to each turbine at the

36 kV underground collector electrical power lines between each turbine connection into the transformer

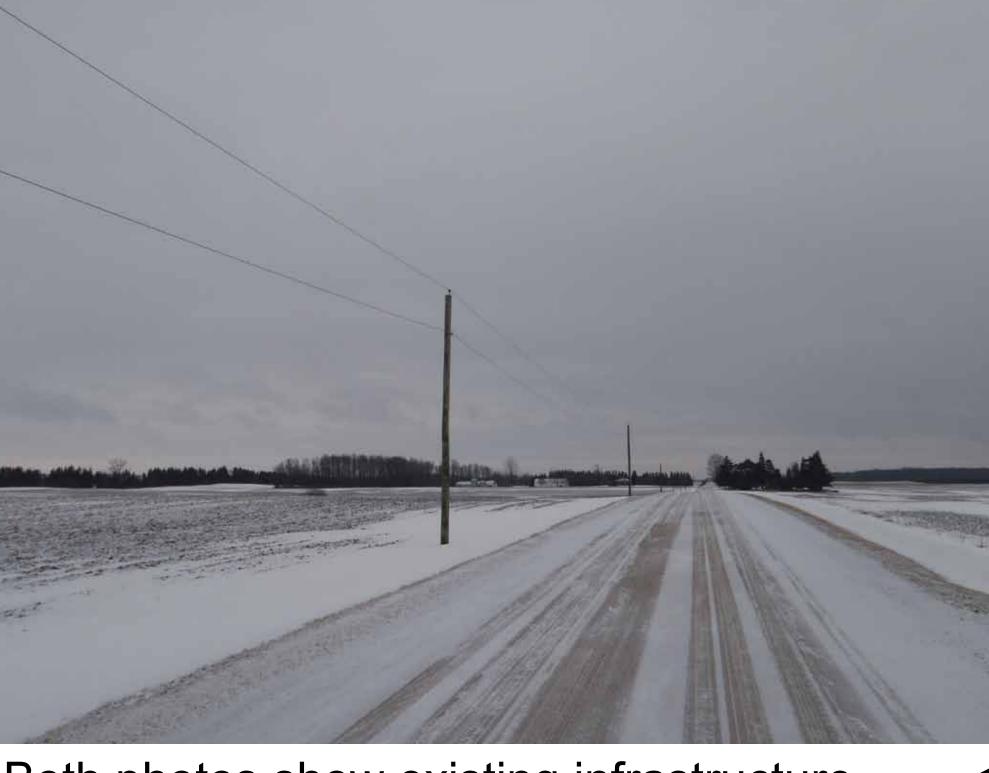
115 or 230 KV transmission line from the sub-station along existing Road Rights of Way (ROW) to the existing 115 Kv or 230 kV Hydro One transmission system to the

Connection to the115 or 230 KV Hydro One power grid at one of the following two alternatives: south of Seaforth

constructed at one of the two alternative locations







Both photos show existing infrastructure along northern transmission route



Facility Components Roads/Service Building

- and wastewater (well/septic).

• A service and parts storage building will be located close to one of the transformer locations proposed. The building will be approximately 50' x 120' and include a parking area. The building will be serviced with water

• Existing provincial and municipal roads will be used to transport projectrelated components, equipment and personnel to the Study Area

• Some agricultural laneways are present in the vicinity of the Project and will be utilized where possible. New laneways will be constructed as required and in consultation with landowners

• Construction access laneways will be approximately 10 m wide during construction. Permanent access laneways may be reduced in size to approximately 6 m wide with the exception of entrances off municipal roads and all turning areas which require wider turning radii



Temporary Construction Activities

- construction of the access road.
- is a similar turnaround requirement for staging areas.
- turning radius for construction/delivery vehicles.
- crane components will be assembled. turbine assembly.

Turbine Staging Areas – At this time, plans are for turbine components to be delivered directly to the staging areas for each turbine. The components will be temporarily stored within these staging areas until assembled; there will be no central laydown area.

Access Road Staging Areas - A staging area will be required for

Delivery Truck Turnaround Areas - These turnaround areas will be the same width as access roads, with additional space as required for turning radii, and will be constructed in the same manner. There

Access Road Entrances - Access road entrances require a wider

Crane Laydown Areas – An area will be identified within which

Crane Pads - Crane pads will consist of pads on which the construction crane will sit. A crane pad would be located at each turbine location at the end of each access road to be used during







Highway 21 (near Elmwood Road) looking East



Highway 21 (near Danceland Road) looking East





Construction Phase Project Activities

Turbine Sites:

Delineation of temporary work areas;

Completion of necessary site clearing and grading; Construction of access roads, including installation of culverts, where required;

Component transportation to work areas;

Installation of crane pads;

Installation of tower foundations;

Tower/turbine erection;

Connection of wind turbines to electrical collection system; Remediation of temporary work areas;

Completion of permanent access roads and decommissioning of portions of temporary access roads; Site landscaping (final grading, topsoil replacement, fence installation, tile drain replacement etc.)

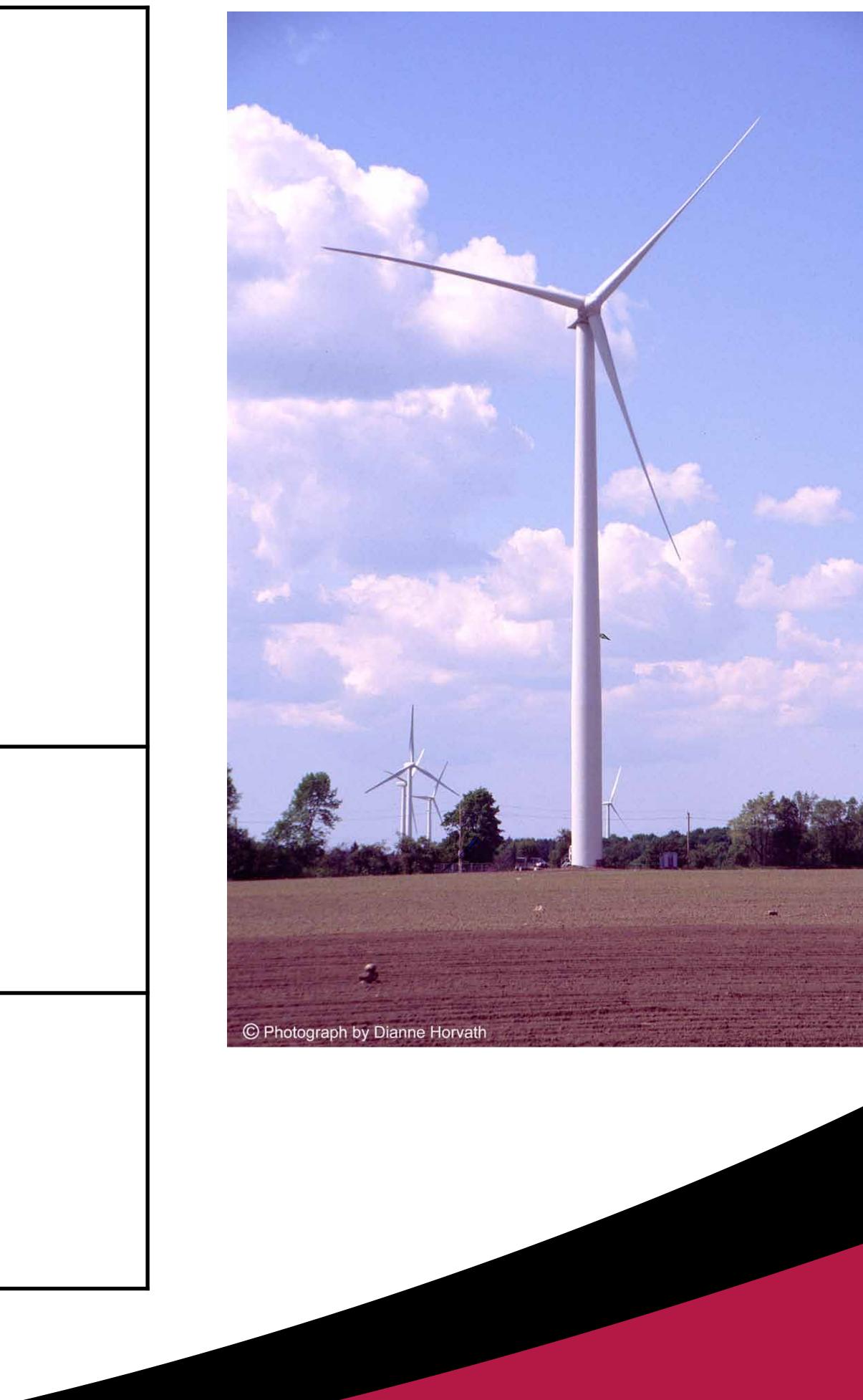
Collection System:

ROW clearing, as required;

Installation of 36 kV electrical collection system within private land easements and municipal ROWs; Step-up transformer substation and operations building.

Transmission Line and Interconnection: ROW clearing, as required; Installation of transmission lines; Installation of switch gear at connection point with Hydro One transmission line (provincial grid); Commissioning of the project.







Operation and Maintenance Phase Project Activities

Turbine Sites:

Periodic vehicle access for maintenance; Remote condition monitoring and meter calibrations; Grounds keeping.

Collection System:

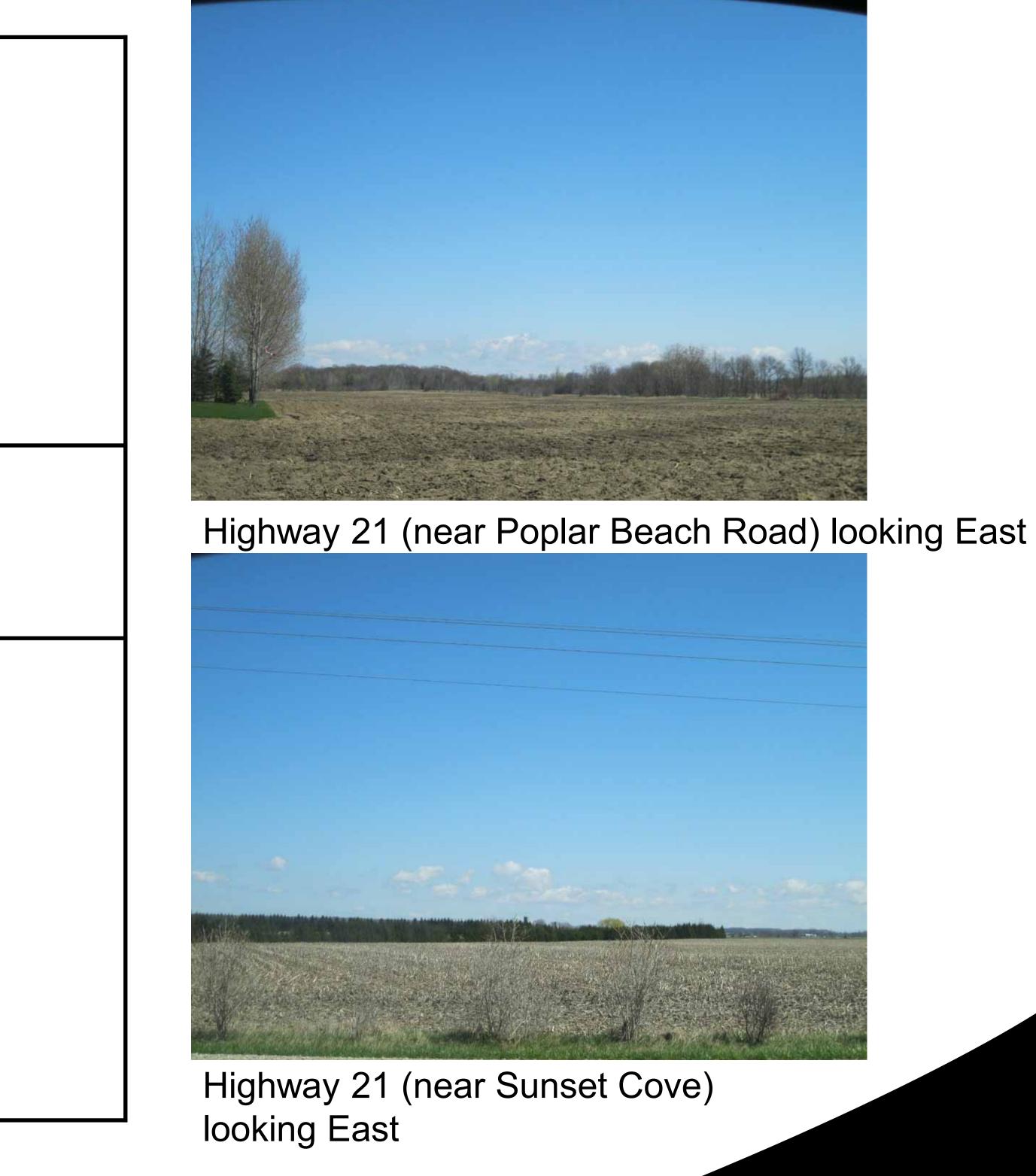
Testing and maintenance of electrical equipment.

Transmission Line:

Ongoing clearing of vegetation within ROW; Testing and maintenance of electrical equipment; Maintenance and replacement of poles and other transmission components, as required.









Decommissioning Phase Project Activities

Turbine Sites:

Removal of tower and turbine infrastructure; Removal of foundation to not less than 3 ft below grade; Turbine site grading and rehabilitation (dependent on new proposed use); Removal of all waste from the site.

Access Roads:

Access roads will be left at landowner's request or graded to restore topography and soils (to the extent possible) and vegetated (dependent on new proposed use).

Collection Lines: Removal of below ground collection lines and restoration of terrain.

Transmission Line and Substation: Removal of overhead transmission line and conductors; Removal of substation components; Removal of poles;

Removal of all waste from the site.

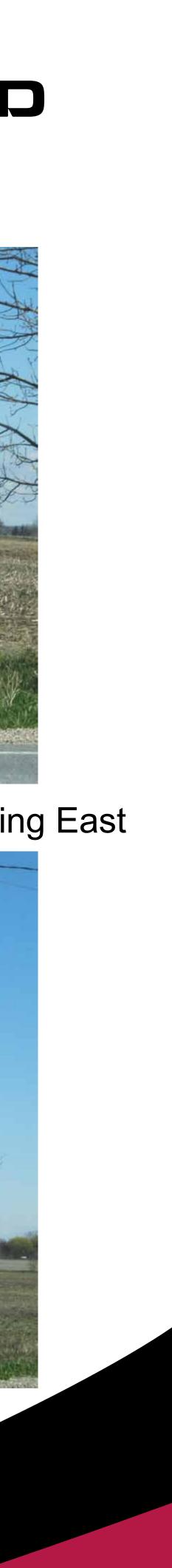




Highway 21 (near Old Driftwood Line) looking East



Highway 21 (near Sararas Road) looking East



Project Schedule

Project Activity

Issue First Draft Project Description

REA Technical Studies

Public Information Centre #1

Issue Draft REA Reports to the Pul

Public Information Centre #2

REA Submission/Approval

Additional Permitting and Approval

Start of Construction

Commercial Operation Date ("COD

Project Operation

New Contract or Decommissioning

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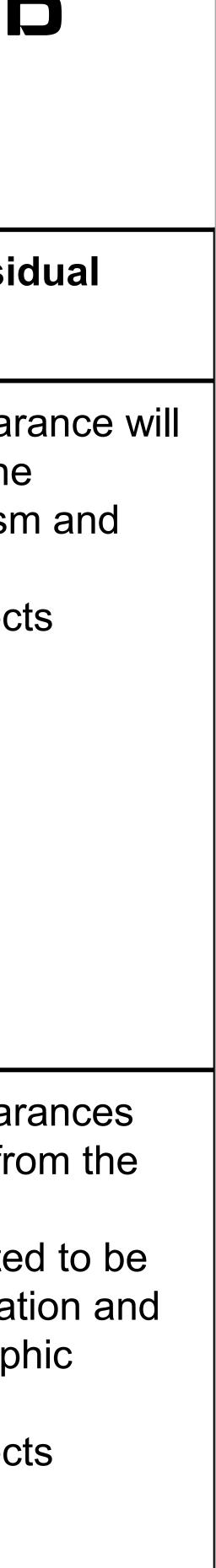


Inticipated Schedule
anuary 2012
Ongoing 2011 through 2012
Spring 2012
ate summer 2012
ate 2012/Early 2013
arly 2013
Ongoing 2012 through 2013
all 2013
all 2014
014-2035
oproximately 20 years after

Approximately 20 years after COD

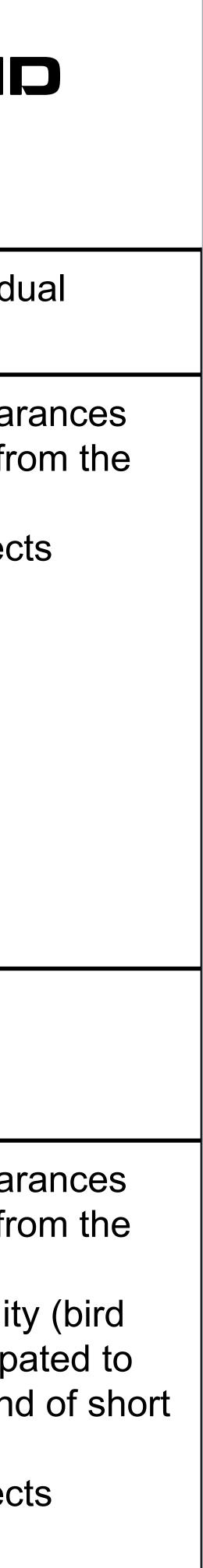
Environmental Component	Potential Effects	Proposed Mitigation/Additional Studies	Anticipated Resid Effect
Heritage/Archaeology	 Disturbance to archaeological and cultural heritage resources during construction or decommissioning activities. No anticipated effects during operation/maintenance 	 A Stage 1 Archaeological Assessment and consultation with agencies regarding Heritage Resources is currently underway. Additional Archaeological and Cultural Assessments will be undertaken (by a licensed archaeologist) if it is determined that there is potential for resources to be present. Consultation will be undertaken with relevant First Nations and Métis communities. Should any unknown/unexpected artifacts or human remains be encountered during construction the construction contractor will stop work and the Ministry of Culture will be notified. 	 Appropriate cleara be obtained by the Ministry of Tourism Culture. No residual effects anticipated
Woodlands and Natural Vegetation	 Potential introduction of invasive species during construction. Vegetation loss during construction, although project is primarily located in agricultural areas No direct impact on Significant Woodlands anticipated during construction. Indirect impacts on vegetation as a result of dust during operation. 	 Field studies are ongoing to confirm the presence, significance, sensitivity and abundance of woodlands and natural vegetation, including: Vegetation inventories; Ecological Land Classification; and, Species at Risk surveys. An Environmental Impact Study will be completed to identify potential impacts and recommend mitigation measures to minimize impacts. If required, a permit or permits under the <i>Ontario Endangered Species Act</i> will be obtained. Consultation will be undertaken with relevant First Nations and Métis communities. Dust control measures (such as wetting of surfaces with water) will be implemented 	 Appropriate cleara will be obtained from MNR. Impact anticipated short term in duration of limited geograph extent. No residual effects anticipated





Environmental Component	Potential Effects	Proposed Mitigation/Additional Studies	Anticipated Residua Effect
Wetlands	 No direct impacts on wetlands anticipated during construction. Potential impacts to the hydrological regime due to changes in surface water runoff and groundwater drawdown as a result of construction activities. Indirect impacts on vegetation as a result of dust during operation. 	 Field studies are ongoing to confirm the presence and potential significance of wetlands. An Environmental Impact Study will be completed to identify potential impacts and recommend mitigation measures to minimize impacts. Mitigation measures will be developed to ensure that above and below ground water flow to wetlands is not altered as a result of the project. Consultation will be undertaken with relevant First Nations and Métis communities. Dust control measures (such as wetting of surfaces with water) will be implemented 	 Appropriate cleara will be obtained fro MNR. No residual effects anticipated
Life Science Areas of Natural and Scientific Interest (ANSIs")	 No impacts anticipated 	•N/A	•N/A
Terrestrial Wildlife and Wildlife Habitat	 Disruption (disturbance and direct mortality) to terrestrial species and their breeding, feeding and migration habitats during construction and operation, including: birds; bats; mammals; amphibians; reptiles; insects; and, species at risk. 	 Field studies are ongoing to confirm the presence, significance, sensitivity and abundance of wildlife and wildlife habitat, including: various bird surveys; bat habitat surveys; dens, tracks and scat surveys; amphibian call surveys; turtle and snake surveys; incidental observations; and, targeted species at risk surveys. An Environmental Impact Study will be completed to identify potential impacts and recommend mitigation measures to minimize impacts. If required, a permit or permits under the <i>Ontario Endangered Species Act</i> will be obtained. Consultation will be undertaken with relevant First Nations and Métis communities. 	 Appropriate cleara will be obtained from MNR. Potential mortality and bat) is anticipate be intermittent and duration. No residual effects anticipated

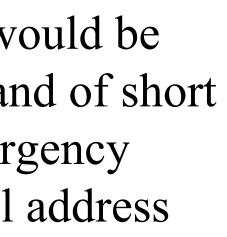




Environmental Component	Potential Effects	Proposed Mitigation/Additional Studies	Anticipated Residu Effect
Provincial Parks, Conservation Reserves or Valleylands	 These features are not present within 120m of the Project Location. No effects are anticipated. If the Project Location changes, effects on these for reviewed and mitigation developed, as required. 		•No residual effects anticipated
Surface Water	 Erosion during construction could affect water quality due to increased sediment load. Water quality impacts due to potential fuel and oil spills during construction and operation. 	 Work is ongoing to characterize watercourses in the Project Area. Mitigation measures will be developed to minimize potential impacts associated with erosion and spills. Erosion and sediment control measures would be implemented during all construction activities. Measures would be inspected regularly. Materials removed or stockpiled would be contained in a manner to ensure sediment does not enter a watercourse. All spills that could potentially have an adverse environmental effect, are outside the normal course of events, or are in excess of the prescribed regulatory levels would be reported to the MOE's Spills Action Centre. 	•No residual effects anticipated
Groundwater	 Dewatering during construction of turbine foundations, if needed (not expected to exceed 50,000L/day). Potential to encounter non-documented shallow dug wells during construction. Water quality impacts due to potential fuel and oil spills during construction and operation. 	 Work is ongoing to characterize groundwater in the Project Area and identify any wells which could potentially be affected. Mitigation measures will be developed to minimize potential impacts associated with dewatering and spills. 	 Potential spills workspatially limited and duration. An emerged response plan will ad spills. No residual effects anticipated



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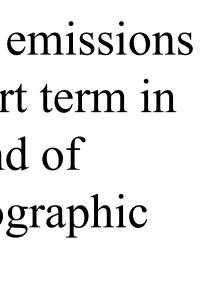
Environmental Component			Anticipated Residual Effe	
Soils	 Soil compaction from construction equipment. Loss of soils due to erosion during construction. Soil quality impacts due to potential fuel and oil spills during construction and operation. 	 Soils compacted in temporary construction areas will be rehabilitated as soon as possible after construction. Soils compacted as a result of ongoing operations will be rehabilitated in accordance with an approved decommissioning plan. Mitigation measures will be developed to minimize potential impacts associated with erosion and spills. 	 No residual anticipated 	
Aquatic Species and Aquatic Habitat	 Potential impacts to fish habitat due to the installation of culverts along access roads during construction activities. Potential sedimentation during construction. 	 Work is ongoing to characterize watercourses in the Project Area. Detailed fish habitat assessments will be undertaken in areas where culverts are proposed. Permits will be obtained from the Conservation Authority and/or Department of Fisheries and Oceans, as required for all culverts or other infrastructure within watercourse or within the Conservation Authority Regulation Limit. Appropriate DFO Operational statements will be followed. Mitigation measures will be developed to minimize potential impacts associated with erosion, spills and dewatering. 	•No residual anticipated	
Air, Odour, Dust	 Increases in air-borne dust and particulate matter, increased emissions from construction vehicles during construction and decommissioning. Positive effects include a reduction in greenhouse gasses by utilizing renewable energy. Positive effects of reducing air emissions from coal fired electrical energy generation. 	 The Contractor would implement good site practices with regard to air/odour which may include: Multi-passenger vehicles would be utilized to the extent practical; Company and contractor personnel would avoid idling of vehicles when not necessary for construction activities; Equipment and vehicles would be turned off when not in use unless required for activities and/or effective operation of the equipment or vehicle; Equipment and vehicles would be maintained in good working order with functioning mufflers and emission control systems as available; All vehicles would be fitted with catalytic converters as required; The Contractor would implement good site practices with regard to dust which may include: Protecting stockpiles of friable material with a barrier; Dust suppression (e.g. water) of source areas; Covering loads of friable materials during transport. 	 Increased enwill be short to duration and elimited geogrammer extent. No residual anticipated 	







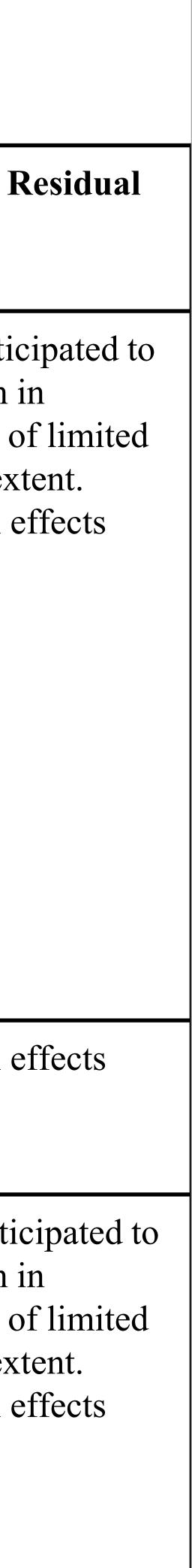






Environmental Component	Potential Effects	Proposed Mitigation/Additional Studies	
Noise	 Noise effects from the operation of construction machinery and transport of materials into the project area; Noise associated with the operation of turbines and transformer station (all turbines are expected to meet the 40 dBA limit for non-participating noise receptors); Noise effects associated with decommissioning and dismantling activities. 	 Mitigation measures will be developed to minimize noise impacts during construction and decommissioning. For example, all engines associated with construction equipment would be equipped with mufflers and/or silencers in accordance with MOE and/or MTO guidelines and regulations. To the greatest extent possible, activities that could create excessive noise would be restricted to regular construction hours and adhere to any local noise by-laws. Setbacks from noise receptors will be applied to ensure that the 40 dBA limit is met at non-participating residences and to the extent possible at participating residences. Operational Plans will include an appropriate maintenance schedule to ensure that turbines function properly in order to reduce noise due to malfunctioning equipment. 	 Noise is anticiple short term in duration and of geographic extensions. No residual effanticipated
Telecommunications	•Potential interference to communication systems, including radar, cellular and broadcasting systems.	•A detailed broadcast, radar and telecommunications study will be undertaken which will identify mitigation measures, as appropriate.	•No residual ef anticipated
Agricultural Resources	 Removal of a small portion of active agricultural land from production during construction and adjustments to agricultural operations during operations; Potential temporary disturbance or disruption to tile drainage infrastructure during construction; Potential temporary disturbance to livestock fencing during construction. 	 Northland Power will work with all participating landowners to identify access road routing that will minimize fragmentation of agricultural lands. Landowners will also be consulted regarding impacts to private infrastructure, such as tile drainage and fencing such that any problems will be addressed, mitigated and restored, as required. If required, mitigation measures will be implemented for wet soil shutdown practices, decompaction, topsoil replacement and sedimentation/erosion control. 	 Effect is anticate be short term in duration and of geographic externations. No residual effect anticipated





Sound Level Assessment

•You can stand directly beneath an operating turbine and carry on a conversation without raising your voice.

 45 ideal Siemens 2.3MW SWT23 turbine locations modeled with sound PWL between 103-105dBA

o note, on their own, these 45 turbine locations and PWLs meet noise limits (minimum 40 dBA, the hourly background sound level established in accordance with the requirements of MOE NPC-232/ 233) at all receptors

o 22 turbines @ 103 dBA; 13 turbines @ 104 dBA; 10 turbines @ 105 dBA

 Noise contributions from the alternate 3 turbine locations (T-16, T-36, T-44) are also included, modelled at sound PWL 101dBA •These noise contours are subject to optimization as the project progresses. However, the final noise study will confirm that all receptors have a predicted noise level below 40dBA, in compliance with the regulations.

Outdoor Sound Levels		Indoor Sound
Threshold of Pain Military Jet Takeoff with Afterburner at 50 feet	140	Threshold of Pain
	130	
	120	Rock Band Concert
Ambulance Siren at 10 feet	110	ROCK Dand Concert
Pile Driver at 50 feet Gas Lawnmower at 3 feet	100	Night Club with Live
Sports Boat at 100 feet Diesel Truck at 50 feet	90	
Concrete Mixer at 50 feet Leaf Blower at 50 feet	80	Food Blender at 3 fee Noisy Restaurant
Commercial / Urban Area, Daytime	70	Garbage Disposal at Vaccuum Cleaner at Normal Conversation
Urban Expressway at 300 feet Suburban Area, Daytime	60	Active Office Environ
	50	Quiet Office Environr
Quiet Urban Area, Nighttime	40	Dishwasher, Next Ro
Quiet Suburban Area, Nighttime Quiet Rural Area, Nighttime	30	Library Quiet Bedroom, Nigh Concert Hall, Backgr
Leaves Rustling Quiet Wilderness Area, No Wind	20	
	10	Recording Studio
Threshold of Human Hearing	0	Threshold of Human
		s
	(dBA)	

Source: URS Corporation, 2008

oor Sound Levels

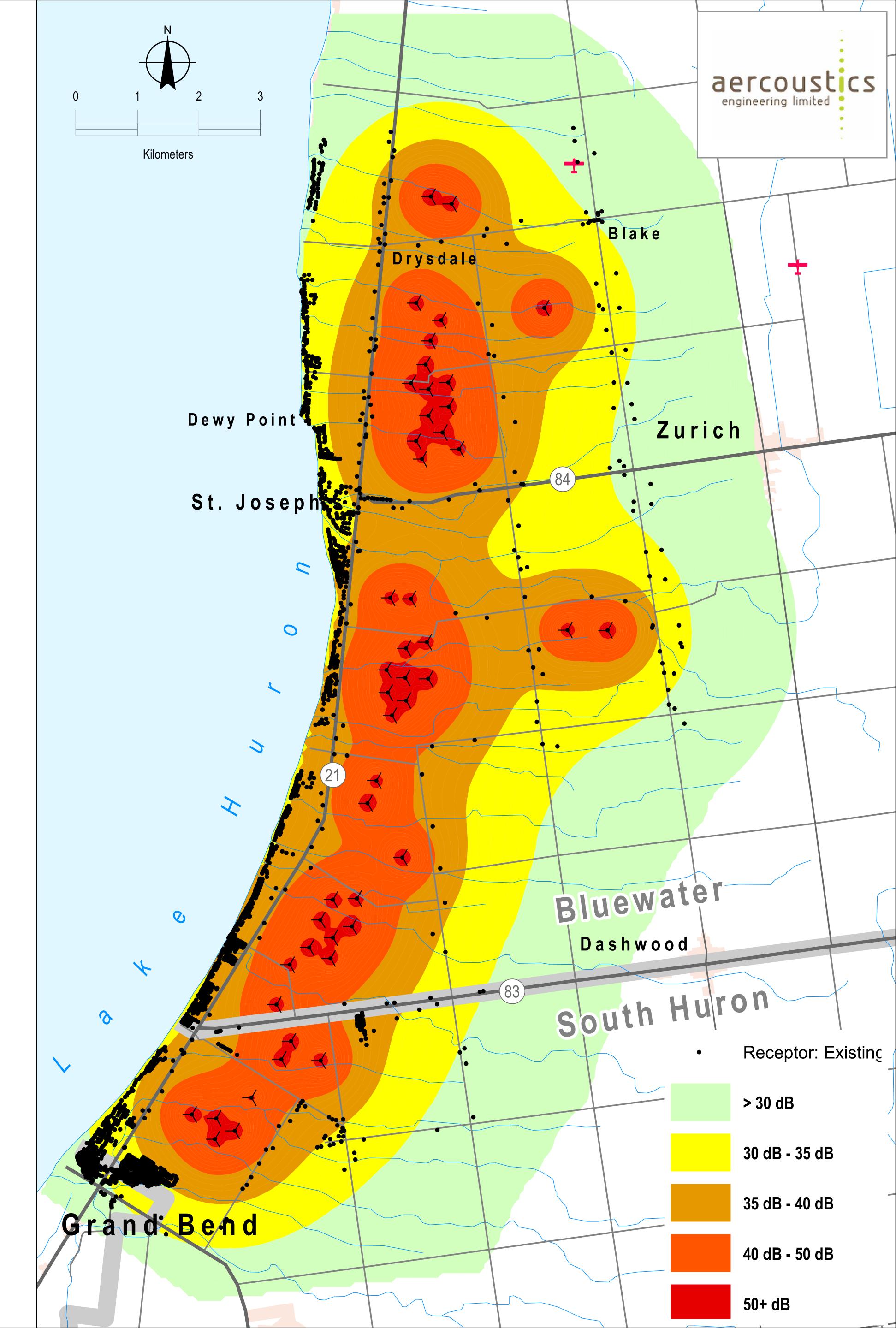
Club with Live Music

Blender at 3 feet Restaurant age Disposal at 3 feet um Cleaner at 10 feet al Conversation at 3 feet e Office Environment

Office Environment asher, Next Room

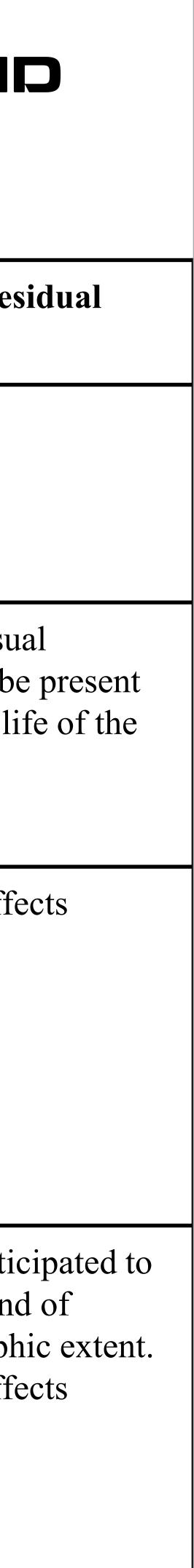
Bedroom, Nightime ert Hall, Background

hold of Human Hearing



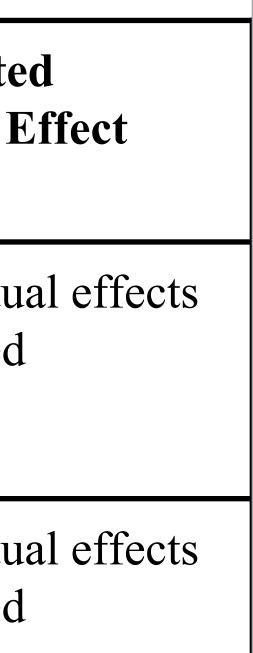
Environmental Component	Potential Effects	Proposed Mitigation/Additional Studies	Anticipated Resid Effect
Petroleum, Oil and Gas Resources	 A review of the MNR's oil, gas and petroleum library indicated that there are no resources within 75m of the Project Area. No effects are anticipated. 	•N/A	•N/A
Viewscape and Aesthetics	 Change in viewscape due to construction and operation. Temporary disruption to enjoyment of use of property due to short term effects of dust, noise or traffic. 	 Visual assessment Studies will identify appropriate mitigation, if required. 	•A changed visual landscape will be throughout the life project
From Economy/Real Estate Values	 Perceived effects on adjacent property values during construction and operation. Positive impacts to local economy associated with local labour and equipment procurement during construction and operation. 	 Ongoing consultation will be maintained with the public and adjacent landowners to identify concerns and resolve significant issues. Northland Power would make all reasonable efforts, to the extent possible, to source required services and materials from local suppliers where these items are available in sufficient quantity and quality and at competitive prices. 	•No residual effect anticipated
Provincial and Local Infrastructure	 Temporary pressure on local services and inconvenience to local residents during construction. Traffic delays on municipal and provincial roads due to construction activities within the ROWs and as a result of construction-related traffic (i.e. movement of heavy equipment and turbine components); Damage to roads as a result of the movement of heavy equipment and turbine components during construction. 	 Traffic Management Plans will be developed to manage the delivery of equipment and large machinery to minimize local traffic disruptions to the extent possible. A Road Condition Survey will be conducted. Any damage to local or provincial infrastructure as a result of construction or decommissioning activities will be repaired as quickly as possible. Consultation will take place with the MTO and municipalities regarding the need to upgrade or widen any roads in order to allow for the delivery of equipment. Any upgrades and/or subsequent rehabilitation and maintenance/repair will be negotiated with the appropriate authorities. 	 Effects are anticible short term and limited geographic No residual effect anticipated





Environmental ComponentPotential EffectsProposed Mitigation/Additional Studies		Proposed Mitigation/Additional Studies	Anticipated Residual Ef	
Waste	•Disposal of wastes associated with construction, operations and decommissioning.	•The Contractor would implement a site-specific waste collection and disposal management plan	•No residua anticipated	
Public Health and Safety	 Safety issues related to the operation of heavy equipment during construction. Accidents/Spills or malfunctions associated with project components and electrical systems. Threats from ice fall and throw and catastrophic failure. Low frequency noise/infrasound. Stray voltage. 	 A Health and Safety Plan will be developed by the construction contractor and operator. A Response Plan to outline a procedure for responding to emergencies will also be developed, as required under O. Reg. 359/09. This will include specific details with respect to communication with the public and agencies during emergencies. Standard containment facilities and emergency response materials would be maintained on-site as required. Refuelling, equipment maintenance, and other potentially contaminating activities would occur in designated areas. As appropriate spills would be reported immediately to the MOE Spills Action Centre. 	•No residua anticipated	
Provincial Land Use Plans	•The Project is not protected under the Greenbelt Plan, Lake Simcoe Protection Plan, Niagara Escarpment Plan or Oak Ridges Moraine Conservation Plan. No impacts under provincial plans or policies are anticipated.	•N/A	•N/A	





- Continue Fieldwork \bullet
- **Continue Consultation with Stakeholders** Finalize Site Layout
- Issue Draft REA Reports for Public Review (Archaeology, Construction Plan, Decommissioning, Design and Operations, Natural Heritage, Project Description, Wind Turbine Specification)
- **Undertake Second Public Information Centre**
- Submit REA Package to the Ministry of **Environment for Approval**

Next Steps







If you have any questions or concerns regarding the proposed project, Please feel free to contact:

Carol-Ann Fletcher, P.Eng. Northland Power Inc. 30 St. Clair Avenue West, 17th Floor Toronto, Ontario M4V 3A1 647 288 1272

Fiona Christiansen, M.Sc Neegan Burnside Ltd./R.J. Burnside & Associates Limited 292 Speedvale Ave. West, Unit 7 Guelph, Ontario N1H 1C4 519 823 4995

Project Specific E-mail Address and Free Phone Telephone Hotline:

grandbendwind@neeganburnside.com

1-800-696-8093

Contact Information







