

Appendix C Copies of Display Boards, Comment Sheets and Sign-in Sheets from First Public Meeting

Northland Power

Welcomes You to the First Public Meeting

for the Crosby Solar Project Rideau Lakes Solar Project and McCann Solar Project

Tuesday, August 24, 2010 6:00 pm to 9:00 pm Crosby Hall, 3579 HWY 15, Crosby, ON



Purpose of this Public Meeting

A public meeting to solicit stakeholder input is an important aspect of the Renewable Energy Approval (REA) process and project planning.

This public meeting provides an opportunity to:

- Gain further understanding about Northland Power's proposed solar energy projects in your area
- Obtain information about the REA Process
- Ask questions regarding the proposed Projects
- Raise concerns or issues regarding the proposed Projects

HOW can I provide comments or concerns?

A variety of methods are available for providing comments or concerns. You can:

- Fill out a comment form provided at this public meeting. This form can also be used to register your name and mailing address so you are included on the Project mailing lists.
- Discuss your comments or concerns with one of the representatives of Northland Power or Hatch present at this public meeting.
- 3. Contact the Environmental Coordinator for the Project via the following information:

Sean Male, MSc

Environmental Coordinator

Hatch Ltd.

Address: 4342 Queen Street, Suite 500

Niagara Falls, Ontario,

L2E 7J7

Phone: 905-374-0701 Ext 5280

Fax: 905-374-1157 Email: smale@hatch.ca

For more information please visit:

www.northlandpower.ca



Northland Power

Northland Power develops and operates clean and green power generation facilities, mainly in the provinces of Ontario and Quebec, with Saskatchewan being added to that list shortly. Our facilities produce about 900 MW of electricity. Northland Power has been in business since 1987 and has been publicly traded since 1997.

Sustainability is a core value at Northland Power. All of our development efforts and operational practices focus on providing long term benefits to our customers, investors, employees, communities and partners.

For Northland Power, sustainability has many dimensions:

Environmental: Northland Power was founded on the belief that clean and green energy sources are vital to the future of our planet. Our construction and operational practices are engineered to meet the highest environmental standards, even in jurisdictions where lower standards are legislated.

Community: Northland Power takes an active interest in its host communities to ensure they remain vibrant, healthy places to live.

Operational: Northland Power maintains and reinvests in their operating assets to achieve maximum efficiency and economic life. Health and Safety: Ensuring that our staff has the knowledge, tools and time to work safely is Northland's first priority. Our culture of safety, respect and independence helps to ensure we attract and retain the people that we need to perform.

Financial: Northland Power consistently chooses long term success over short term gain. Northland Power only pursues projects that meet strict return thresholds and have creditworthy customers. As a result, we have paid stable monthly dividends since 1997.



Northland Power has retained Hatch Ltd. to undertake the Renewable Energy Approval (REA) process, subject to the provisions of the Environmental Protection Act Part V.0.1 and Ontario Regulation 359/09. Hatch is an Ontario-based consulting, engineering and management company with operations worldwide and a reputation for excellence acquired over 80 years of continuous service to its clients. Hatch will undertake the REA process from its Niagara Falls, Ontario office.



Solar Technology

A solar photovoltaic (PV) module (or panel, as they are often called) transforms the suns energy into electrical energy. Silicon, a semi-conductor, is the material that transforms a ray of sunshine into electricity. The silicon is located within a grid (commonly made of metal) that conducts electricity. When the sunlight hits the silicon, electrons flow from the silicon into the grid, thereby producing electricity. The silicon and metallic grid are located beneath a layer of glass to provide weather protection. The glass has a special coating applied to maximize the capture of sunlight by the panel, thereby reducing glare.

Advantages of Solar Energy

Solar power has a multitude of advantages compared to most other power generation technologies.

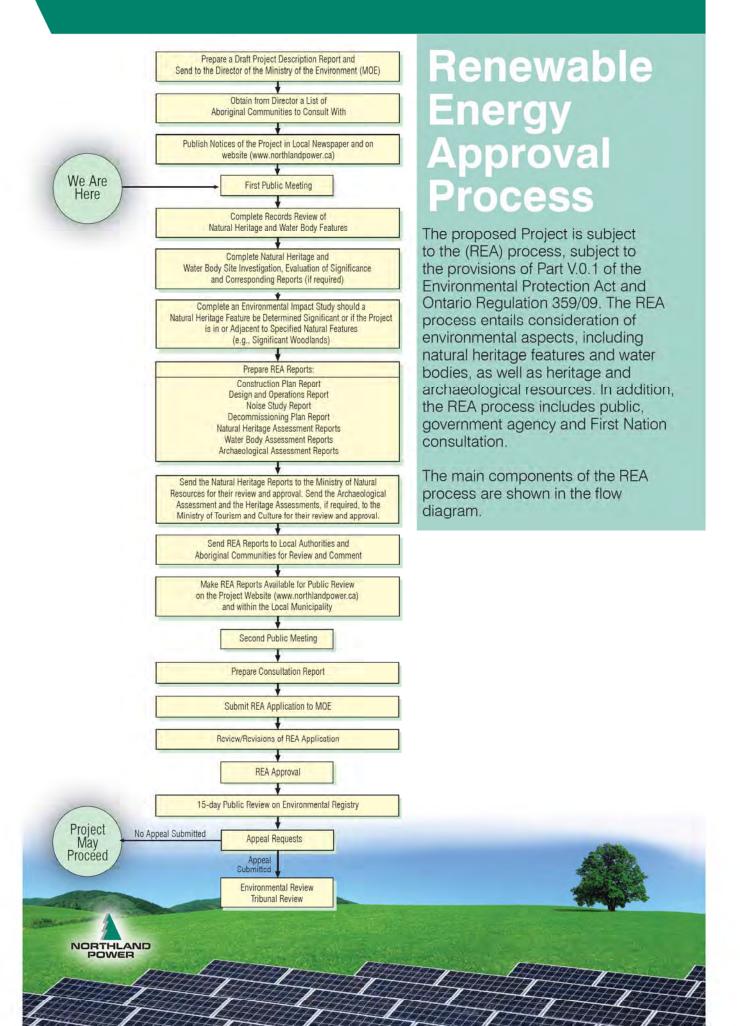
- First and foremost, the fuel is free. As the cost of many fossil fuels is expected to increase in the future, having solar energy on the grid at a set price will give greater stability to future energy prices.
- Another key benefit is the absence of any green house gas emissions and other pollutants. This ensures that the local community will not have to live with poor air quality or noxious odours.
- Solar PV systems are comprised of safe, common materials that will not affect the lands on which they are located, allowing for easy remediation upon decommissioning.
- Most solar PV systems have no moving parts, unlike almost all other power generation technologies. Having no moving parts reduces the environmental impact, maintenance costs, and noise levels of this type of power generation,
- There is a natural supply/demand match that is inherent to solar power, as the sun rises and sets in parallel with society's general daily electricity demand pattern. This helps mitigate the need for the development of other technologies that traditionally meet peak electricity demand



Ontario's Feed-in-Tariff (FIT) program was launched by the Ontario Power Authority on October 1, 2009 to encourage the development of renewable energy resources and to stimulate growth in green technology and renewable power industries.

The Ontario Power Authority awarded 184 FIT contracts to renewable power developers in Ontario on April 8, 2010. Northland Power was awarded a total of 13 contracts for proposed solar ground-mount developments throughout the province. These projects are currently proceeding through the REA process.





Project Location

The proposed Project is located on Little Rideau Lakes Road, northeast of the Town of Newboro within the Township of Rideau Lakes. The proposed Project, if approved, will be constructed on privately owned lands.

Project Description

The proposed Crosby Solar Project is considered to be a Class 3 solar facility, as defined under the Environmental Protection Act (Act) Part V.O.1 and Ontario Regulation 359/09. Class 3 solar facilities are defined as having a name plate capacity of 10 kilowatts (kW) or greater and the solar panels are mounted on the ground. Specifically, this proposed Project has a nameplate capacity of 10MW (ac).

The proposed Project will use crystalline technology photovoltaic (PV) panels installed on ground-mounted rack structures made of steel and aluminum. The panels will be tilted and fixed in place (i.e., they will not move to track the sun). The project will consist of approximately 50,000 panels and will be designed to optimize energy production.

Project Schedule - Crosby Solar Project

FIT Application - November 2009

Submission of Project Description to MOE - April 2010

FIT Contract Award - April 2010

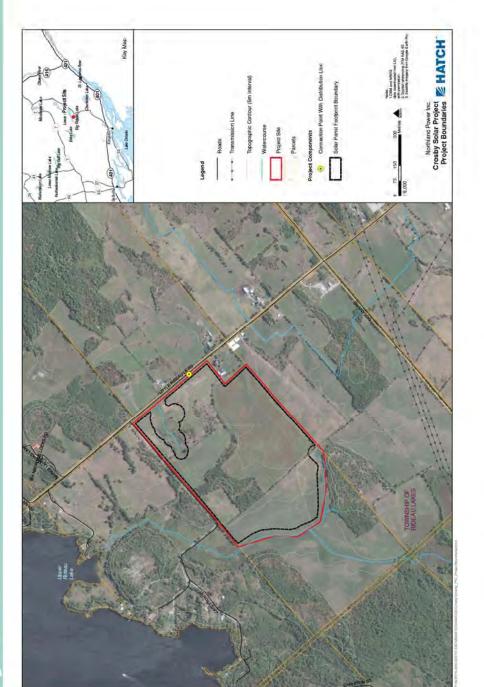
First Public Meeting - August 2010

Second Public Meeting - November 2010

REA Application Submission - December 2010

REA Received – April/June 2011 Start of Construction – April/June 2011

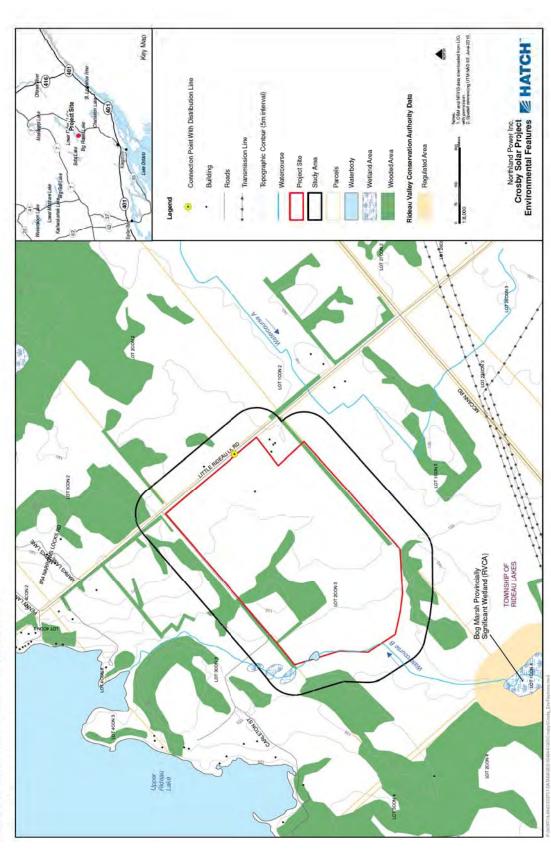
Start of Collistraction – April/June 2011 Commercial Operation Date – December 2011 For more information regarding this Project please visit the Project website at northlandpower.ca/crosby.







Environmental Features



Natural Heritage Features

As per Ontario Regulation 359/09, both a records review and site investigation were conducted in order to identify environmental features of the Project site and surrounding area. A variety of features were identified and considered during this process, including but not limited to:

- Wildlife/Wildlife habitat
- Vegetation communities, including wooded areas and wetlands
- · Species at risk
- Waterbodies

Terrestrial Environment

The Project site is composed primarily of agricultural lands, used either in the production of hay or as pasturelands for livestock. There are hedgerows and a wooded area located on the Project site. The wooded area is described as a dry-fresh sugar maple deciduous forest. There are additional wooded areas identified adjacent to the Project site, and there is a small wetland area located in the northeast corner of the Project site.

Wildlife species observed on the Project's site were typical of agricultural environments, and included American Robin, Northern Harrier, and American Crow. No species currently listed on the Species at Risk Act or the Endangered Species Act were recorded during the site investigations.

Aquatic Environment

A watercourse flows adjacent to the western boundary of the Project site from the Big Marsh Provincially Significant Wetland to Upper Rideau Lake. Near the Project site it flows in an excavated drainage channel before passing through meadow wetland and shrub near the northeastern corner of the Project site. Another manmade watercourse occurs in the northeast corner of the Project site, originating in the middle of an agricultural field and following the natural contours of the land prior to emptying into a catch basin at the Project boundary.







More information on the findings of these studies will be available in the Natural Heritage and Water Bodies Reports that will be posted to the project website (www.northlandpower. ca/crosby). A notification will be mailed to those on the mailing list and published in the local newspaper when these are available.



Potential Negative Environmental Effects and Mitigation Measures

Environmental Component	Potential Environmental Effect	Proposed Mitigation
Physiography/Topography	During construction, re-grading of excavated soils and some minor alterations to local topography may occur.	Decommissioning of the Project site will include regrading to original conditions, to the greatest extent possible.
Soils	Reductions in soil quality/loss of soils as a result of accidental spills, erosion and soil compaction during construction.	The use of erosion and sedimentation control, soil loosening, and spill prevention and response measures will limit the impact on soils.
Aggregate Resources	Not applicable.	Not applicable
Surface Water	Surface water quality of the watercourses could be impaired due to contamination from accidental spills or increased turbidity due to site erosion.	A 30-m setback will be put in place from all water bodies. As well, erosion and sedimentation control measures and spill prevention and response measures will decrease any further impacts.
Groundwater	Excavations may result in a minor, localized drop in the groundwater table due to dewatering. In addition, groundwater may also be impaired by contamination due to accidental spills.	Spill response measures will prevent any accidental spills. Dewatering during construction anticipated to be minimal.
Aquatic Habitats/Biota	The installation of the Project may result in indirect effects due to erosion and sedimentation and changes in surface water runoff.	30-m setbacks from all waterbodies will be implemente to protect surface water runoff quality. Stormwater management plan implemented to control surface runoff.
Areas of Natural and Scientific Interest (ANSI)	Not applicable as there are no ANSI identified within 300 m of the Project site.	Not applicable
Wetlands	Wetlands adjacent to the Project site may be indirectly affected by Project activities, such as the generation of dust during construction which could impact vegetation communities.	Mitigation measures proposed in respect of vegetation communities and surface water quality will be effective at mitigation potential effects on the wetland community
Vegetation, including wooded areas	Vegetation clearing on agricultural land as well as within hedgerows will be required. Additional clearing within the wooded area may be required. Vegetation communities adjacent to the Project site may be indirectly affected by Project activities, such as the generation of dust during construction which could impact vegetation communities.	Work areas will be flagged to limit the extent of clearing Clearing from wooded areas to be minimized where possible. Dust control measures will be implemented during the construction period.
Terrestrial Wildlife/Wildlife Habitat (including species at risk)	Potential loss of wildlife habitat and potential wildlife avoidance of the Project area during construction and operation may occur as a result of disturbance.	Work areas will be clearly marked and will not infringe further then necessary. Mitigation measures will include not clearing in bird breeding season, if required.
Air Quality	Reductions in local air quality from operation of construction equipment and dust displacement may occur due to vehicle traffic.	Through the use of standard best management practices and mitigation measures dust will be suppressed and discharge of exhaust minimized to maintain local air quality during construction.
Social Environment		mannian records quanty daring construction.
Land Use	Current land use will be discontinued within the Project footprint.	After decommissioning, there is a potential for the land to regain the past use.
Tourism and Recreation	Any tourism or recreational resources existing within the immediate Project vicinity will be considered in determining potential impacts.	Visual screening in those areas will be considered, if required.
Archaeological and Cultural Heritage Resources	Excavations during Project construction may result in the discovery of archaeological resources. Archaeological assessments will be conducted to determine potential. Potential heritage resources will be determined as per the requirements of the Ministry of Tourism and Culture.	Mitigation measures recommended as a result of the archaeological or heritage assessments, if required, will be implemented as required.
Sound Levels	Temporary disturbance to neighbouring residents may occur during construction. The operation of inverters and transformers may result in increased ambient sound levels.	Noise studies will be conducted as per O. Reg. 359/09 to ensure noise during operations meets provincial guidelines. Construction will be conducted according to local noise by-laws, where applicable.
Visual Landscape	Installation of the Project will result in a change to the local landscape.	Visual barriers may be installed, where necessary, if the is determined to be effective and viable.
Community Safety	Construction of the Project will result in a risk to community and workforce safety. During operation, potential risks to public safety are limited.	Safety procedures will be followed to ensure both worker and public safety.
Local Traffic	Construction of the Project may result in increased local area traffic and temporary disruption along routes used resulting in delays to the local community traffic, and increased traffic as a result of equipment delivery to the Project site.	Transportation routes will be determined to minimize th impact on local traffic.
Waste Management and Disposal Sites	Construction and operation of the Project will likely result in the generation of recyclable material, and municipal hazardous and sanitary waste.	The disposal and proper storage of wastes and recyclables will occur.



Project Location

The proposed Project is located on Narrows Lock Road, northeast of the Town of Newboro within the Township of Rideau Lakes. The proposed Project, if approved, will be constructed on privately owned lands.

Project Description

The proposed Rideau Lakes Solar Project is considered to be a Class 3 solar facility, as defined under the Environmental Protection Act (Act) Part V.0.1 and Ontario Regulation 359/09. Class 3 solar facilities are defined as having a name plate capacity of 10 kilowatts (kW) or greater and the solar panels are mounted on the ground. Specifically, this proposed Project has a nameplate capacity of 10 kMW (Act).

The proposed Project will use crystalline technology photovoltaic (PV) panels installed on ground-mounted rack structures made of steel and aluminum. The panels will be tilted and fixed in place (i.e., they will not move to track the sun). The project will consist of approximately 50,000 panels and will be designed to optimize energy production.

Project Schedule - Rideau Lakes Solar Project

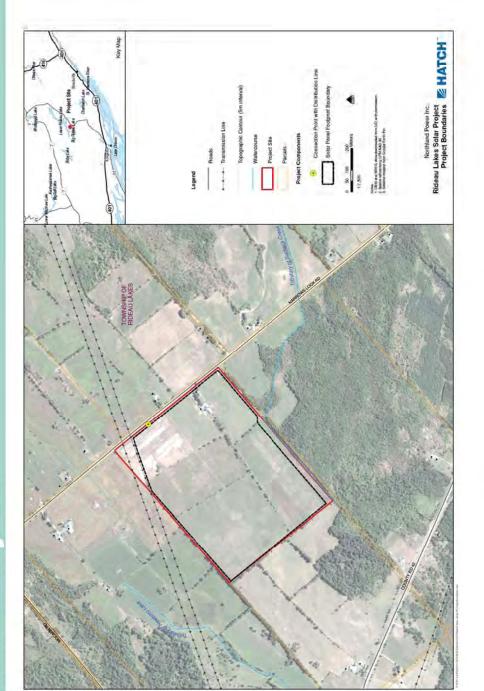
FIT Application – November 2009 Submission of Project Description to MOE – April 2010 FIT Contract Award – April 2010

First Public Meeting - August 2010

Second Public Meeting – November 2010 REA Application Submission – December 2010

REA Received - April/June 2011

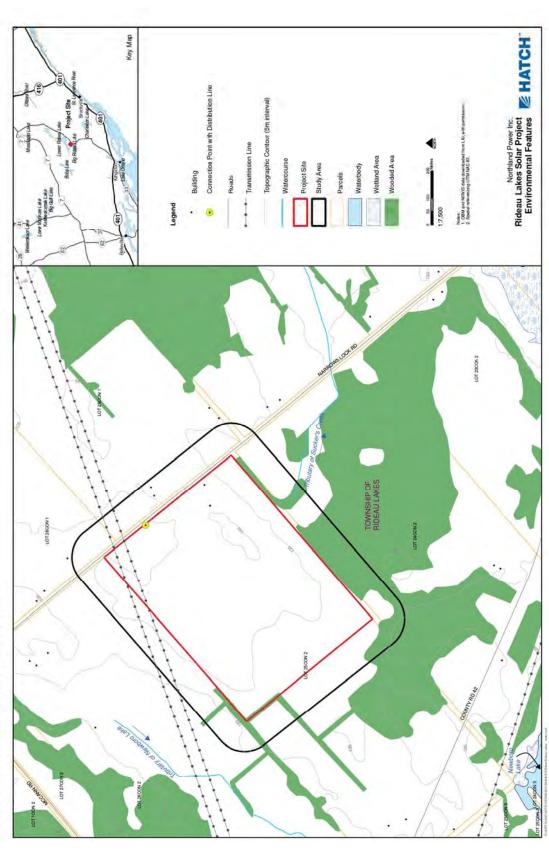
Start of Construction – April/June 2011 Commercial Operation Date – October/December 2011 For more information regarding this Project please visit the Project website at northlandpower.ca/rideaulakes.







Environmental Features



Natural Heritage Features

As per Ontario Regulation 359/09, both a records review and site investigation were conducted in order to identify environmental features of the Project site and surrounding area. A variety of features were identified and considered during this process, including but not limited to:

- Wildlife/Wildlife habitat
- Vegetation communities, including woodlands and wetlands
- · Species at risk
- Waterbodies

Terrestrial Environment

The Project site is composed entirely of agricultural lands, used either in the production of hay or as pasturelands for livestock (sheep). There are some hedgerows on the Project site, predominated by species such as black cherry, trembling aspen, and basswood. There is a large deciduous wooded area located south of the Project site.

Wildlife species observed on the Project's site were typical of agricultural environments, and included Savannah Sparrow, Red-winged Blackbird, and Eastern Kingbird. No species currently listed on the Species at Risk Act or the Endangered Species Act were recorded during the site investigations.





A tributary of Sucker's Creek consisting of an excavated drainage channel runs within the wooded area adjacent to the southern boundary of the Project site. The channel likely provides habitat for benthic invertebrates and may provide seasonal habitat for fish from permanent downstream reaches. This watercourse eventually turns south away from the Project site.



More information on the findings of these studies will be available in the Natural Heritage and Water Bodies Reports that will be posted to the project website (www.northlandpower. ca/rideaulakes). A notification will be mailed to those on the mailing list and published in the local newspaper when these are available.



Potential Negative Environmental Effects and Mitigation Measures

Environmental Component	Potential Environmental Effect	Proposed Mitigation
Physiography/Topography	During construction, regrading of excavated soils and some minor alterations to local topography may occur.	Decommissioning of the Project site will include re- grading to original conditions, to the greatest extent possible.
Soils	Reductions in soil quality/loss of soils as a result of accidental spills, erosion and soil compaction during construction.	The use of erosion and sedimentation control, soil loosening, and spill prevention and response measure will limit the impact on soils:
Aggregate Resources	Not applicable.	Not applicable
Surface Water	Surface water quality of the tributary of Sucker's Creek could be impaired due to contamination from accidental spills or increased turbidity due to site erosion.	A 3U-m setback will be put in place from all water bodies. As well, erosion and sedimentation control measures and spill prevention and response measure will decrease any further impacts.
Groundwater	Excavations may result in a minor, localized drop in the groundwater table due to dewatering. In addition, groundwater may also be impaired by contamination due to accidental spills.	Spill response measures will prevent any accidental spills. Dewatering during construction anticipated to a minimal.
Aquatic Habitats/Biota	The installation of the Project may result in indirect effects due to erosion and sedimentation and changes in surface water runoff.	30-m setbacks from all waterbodies will be implemented to protect surface water runoff quality. Stormwater management plan implemented to control surface runoff.
Areas of Natural and Scientific Interest (ANSI)	Not applicable as there are no ANSI identified within 300 m of the Project site.	Not applicable
Wetlands	Not applicable as there are no wetlands identified within 300 m of the Project site.	Not applicable
Vegetation, including wooded areas	Vegetation clearing on agricultural land as well as within hedgerows will be required. Vegetation communities adjacent to the Project site may be indirectly affected by Project activities, such as the generation of dust during construction which could impact vegetation communities.	Work areas will be flagged to limit the extent of clearing. Dust control measures will be implemented during the construction period.
Terrestrial Wildlife/ Wildlife Habitat (including species at risk)	Potential loss of wildlife habitat and potential wildlife avoidance of the Project area during construction and operation may occur as a result of disturbance.	Work areas will be clearly marked and will not infring further then necessary. Mitigation measures will include not cleaning in bird breeding season, if required.
Air Quality	Reductions in local air quality from operation of construction equipment and dust displacement may occur due to vehicle traffic.	Through the use of standard best management practices and mitigation measures dust will be suppressed and discharge of exhaust minimized to maintain local air quality during construction.
Social Environment		
Land Use	Current land use will be discontinued within the Project footprint.	After decommissioning, there is a potential for the lar to regain the past use.
Tourism and Recreation	Any tourism or recreational resources existing within the immediate Project vicinity will be considered in determining potential impacts.	Visual screening in those areas will be considered, if required.
Archaeological and Cultural Heritage Resources	Excavations during Project construction may result in the discovery of archaeological resources. Archaeological assessments will be conducted to determine potential. Potential heritage resources will be determined as per the requirements of the Ministry of Tourism and Culture.	Mitigation measures recommended as a result of the archaeological or heritage assessments, if required, will be implemented as required.
Sound Levels	Temporary disturbance to neighbouring residents may occur during construction. The operation of inverters and transformers may result in increased ambient sound levels.	Noise studies will be conducted as per O. Reg. 359// to ensure noise during operations meets provincial guidelines. Construction will be conducted according to local noise by-laws, where applicable.
Visual Landscape	Installation of the Project will result in a change to the local landscape.	Visual barriers may be installed, where necessary, if this is determined to be effective and viable.
Community Safety	Construction of the Project will result in a risk to community and workforce safety. During operation, potential risks to public safety are limited.	Safety procedures will be followed to ensure both worker and public safety.
Local Traffic	Construction of the Project may result in increased local area traffic and temporary disruption along routes used resulting in delays to the local community traffic, and increased traffic as a result of equipment delivery to the Project site.	Transportation routes will be determined to minimize the impact on local traffic.
Waste Management and Disposal Sites	Construction and operation of the Project will likely result in the generation of recyclable material, and municipal hazardous and sanitary waste.	The disposal and proper storage of wastes and recyclables will occur.



Project Location

Rideau Lakes. The proposed Project, if approved, will be constructed The proposed Project Is located on McCann Road, northeast of the Town of Newboro, south of Big Rideau Lake within the Township of on privately owned lands.

Project Description

defined as having a name plate capacity of 10 kilowatts (kW) or greater solar facility, as defined under the Environmental Protection Act (Act) Part V.0.1 and Ontario Regulation 359/09. Class 3 solar facilities are The proposed McCann Solar Project is considered to be a Class 3 and the solar panels are mounted on the ground. Specifically, this proposed Project has a nameplate capacity of 10MW (ac)

move to track the sun). The project will consist of approximately 50,000 panels installed on ground-mounted rack structures made of steel and aluminum. The panels will be tilted and fixed in place (i.e., they will not The proposed Project will use crystalline technology photovoltaic (PV) panels and will be designed to optimize energy production.

Project Schedule - McCann Solar Project

FIT Application - November 2009

Submission of Project Description to MOE - April 2010

FIT Contract Award - April 2010

First Public Meeting - August 2010

Second Public Meeting - November 2010

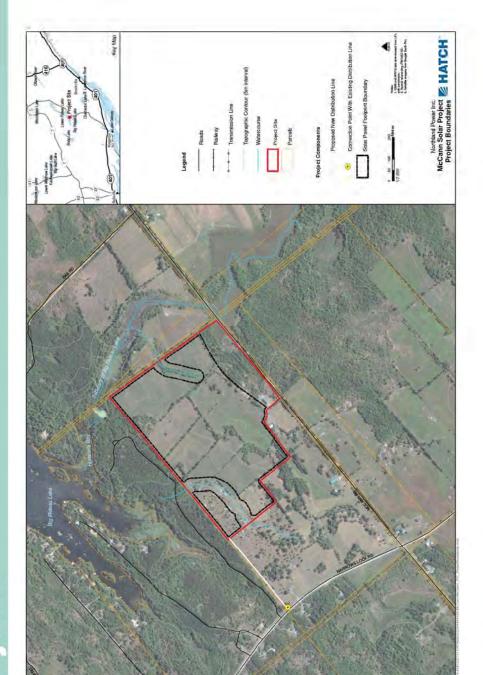
REA Application Submission - December 2010

REA Received - April/June 2011

Start of Construction - April/June 2011

Commercial Operation Date - December 2011

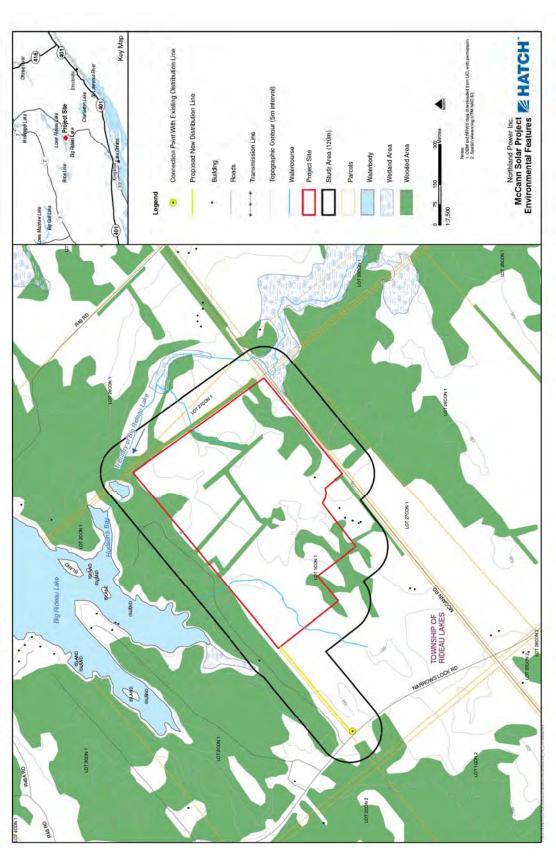
For more information regarding this Project please visit the Project website at northlandpower.ca/mccann.







Environmental Features



Natural Heritage Features

As per Ontario Regulation 359/09, both a records review and site investigation were conducted in order to identify environmental features of the Project site and surrounding area. A variety of features were identified and considered during this process, including but not limited to:

- Wildlife/Wildlife habitat
- Vegetation communities, including woodlands and wetlands
- Species at risk
- Waterbodies



Terrestrial Environment

NORTHLAND

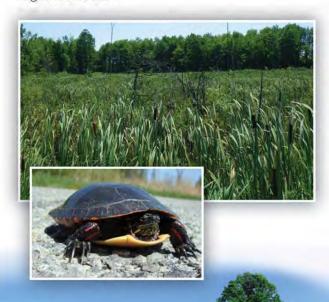
The Project site is composed primarily of agricultural lands, used either in the production of hay or as pasturelands for livestock. There are hedgerows and portions of a larger wooded area found on the Project site. The woodland is characterized as a deciduous woodland with maples and ironwood the predominant species. The Project site also contains areas of open scrubland with bedrock outcrops, dominated by grassland, with occurrences of spruce, cedar and juniper. There is a wetland area identified southeast of the Project site.

Wildlife species observed on the Project's site were typical of agricultural environments, and included Eastern Meadowlark, Field Sparrow, and White-tailed Deer. A Midland Painted Turtle was observed on McCann Road in the vicinity of the wetland community. No species currently listed on the Species at Risk Act or the Endangered Species Act were recorded during the site investigations.



Aquatic Environment

There are two watercourses on the Project site and one watercourse adjacent to it. The first watercourse on the site is located in the northwestern portion of the Project site and originates within the scrubland west of the Project site, flowing through a small pond and meadow community before exiting the Project site at the boundary of the wooded area. The second watercourse on site consists of a drainage tributary that flows through a hedgerow and exits the Project site before draining into a tributary of Big Rideau Lake which runs adjacent to the Project site. The tributary of Big Rideau Lake originates in a marshland community before entering a woodland swamp until the discharge of the watercourse at Big Rideau Lake.





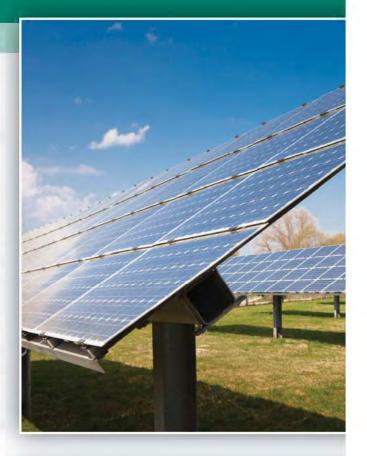
Potential Negative Environmental Effects and Mitigation Measures

Environmental Component	Potential Environmental Effect	Proposed Mitigation
Physiography/Topography	During construction, regrading of excavated soils and some minor alterations to local topography may occur.	Decommissioning of the Project site will include regrading to original conditions, to the greatest extent possible.
Sails	Reductions in soil quality/loss of soils as a result of accidental spills, erosion and soil compaction during construction.	The use of erosion and sedimentation control, soil loosening, and spill prevention and response measures will limit the impact on soils.
Aggregate Resources	Not applicable.	Not applicable
Surface Water	Surface water quality of the watercourses could be impaired due to contamination from accidental spills or increased turbidity due to site erosion.	A 30-m setback will be put in place from all water bodies. As well, erosion and sedimentation control measures and spill prevention and response measures will decrease any further impacts.
Groundwater	Excavations may result in a minor, localized drop in the groundwater table due to dewatering. In addition, groundwater may also be impaired by contamination due to accidental spills.	Spill response measures will prevent any accidental spills. Dewatering during construction anticipated to be minimal.
Aquatic Habitats/Biota	The installation of the Project may result in indirect effects due to erosion and sedimentation and changes in surface water runoff.	30-m setbacks from all waterbodies will be implemente to protect surface water runoff quality. Stormwater management plan implemented to control surface runoff.
Areas of Natural and Scientific Interest (ANSI)	Not applicable as there are no ANSI identified within 300 m of the Project site.	Not applicable
Wetlands	Wetlands adjacent to the Project site may be indirectly affected by Project activities, such as the generation of dust during construction which could impact vegetation communities.	Mittgation measures proposed in respect of vegetation communities and surface water quality will be effective at mitigation potential effects on the wetland community
Vegetation, including wooded areas	Vegetation clearing on agricultural land as well as within hedgerows will be required. Additional clearing within the wooded area may be required. Vegetation communities adjacent to the Project side may be indirectly affected by Project activities, such as the generation of dust during construction which could impact vegetation communities.	Work areas will be flagged to limit the extent of clearing Clearing from wooded areas to be minimized where possible. Dust control measures will be implemented during the construction period.
Terrestrial Wildlife/Wildlife Habitat (including species at risk)	Potential loss of wildlife habitat and potential wildlife avoidance of the Project area during construction and operation may occur as a result of disturbance.	Work areas will be clearly marked and will not infringe further then necessary. Mitigation measures will include not clearing in bird breeding season, if required.
Air Quality	Reductions in local air quality from operation of construction equipment and dust displacement may occur due to vehicle traffic.	Through the use of standard best management practices and mitigation measures dust will be suppressed and discharge of exhaust minimized to maintain local air quality during construction.
Social Environment		1-2
Land Use	Current land use will be discontinued within the Project footprint.	After decommissioning, there is a potential for the land to regain the past use.
Tourism and Recreation	Any tourism or recreational resources existing within the immediate Project vicinity will be considered in determining potential impacts.	Visual screening in those areas will be considered, if required.
Archaeological and Cultural Heritage Resources	Excavations during Project construction may result in the discovery of archaeological resources. Archaeological assessments will be conducted to determine potential Potential haritage resources will be determined as per the requirements of the Ministry of Tourism and Culture.	Mitigation measures recommended as a result of the archaeological or heritage assessments, if required, will be implemented as required.
Sound Léveis	Temporary disturbance to neighbouring residents may occur during construction. The operation of inverters and transformers may result in increased ambient sound levels.	Noise studies will be conducted as per O. Reg. 359/09 to ensure noise during operations meets provincial guidelines. Construction will be conducted according to local noise by-laws, where applicable.
Visual Landscape	Installation of the Project will result in a change to the local landscape.	Visual barriers may be installed, where necessary, if the is determined to be effective and viable.
Community Safety	Construction of the Project will result in a risk to community and workforce safety. During operation, potential risks to public safety are limited.	Safety procedures will be followed to ensure both worker and public safety.
Local Traffic	Construction of the Project may result in increased local area traffic and temporary disruption along routes used resulting in delays to the local community traffic, and increased traffic as a result of equipment delivery to the Project site.	Transportation routes will be determined to minimize the impact on local traffic.
Waste Management and Disposal Sites	Construction and operation of the Project will likely result in the generation of recyclable material, and municipal hazardous and sanitary waste.	The disposal and proper storage of wastes and recyclables will occur.



Next Steps

- All further Project Reports (such as the Construction Plan Report, Archaeological Assessment Report, etc) will be available for public review on the Project websites and at your local municipal office.
- The Notice of the availability of the reports and the Final Public Meeting will be advertised in the local paper and information will be sent to all those on the Project mailing list. You can be included on the mailing list by filling out a comment sheet with the appropriate mailing address.
- Finally, any written comments or concerns will be addressed within the Consultation Report as a part of the REA submission, which will be available for public review.



We appreciate your attendance at this first public meeting and hope to see you at the next one. Thank you.

Your opinion is important to us,

Please Sign in and Complete a Comment Sheet



Please Sign In

Northland Power – First Public Meeting

Projects:

Crosby, McCann, and Rideau Lakes Solar Projects

Date:

Tuesday August 24, 2010

Name	Complete Mailing Address (Name, Street, City, Postal Code)	Phone
ROJ DENISON	RRHI PORTLAND	2725017
EVA "	tage of	2722457
FRANK CHAIKOWSKY	42 PENNY LAWE PORTLAND	272 5111
*Macdadd	Bop3 Newboro	2723099
F. Macdonald	Newtons "	71
But moth	RRSI PORTLAND	272-2186
May the then	NoAhlemer- 7573 Sulus Wey.	89(-5705
Tax Kha	North Contra a	889 7766
Roy Mattie	KR#/ Portland, Ost	992-2/28
All Myers	RR# Cortland Ont	272-2232
Som Wright	373 little BidewilckAD	272-2393
Todd Wright	1. 4/4 Ridonlaka RD	272-8722
Ryan Flatt	784 Melgan Rord	272-5380
Floral Wallace	RR#1 Portland: Penny Lane	272-2483
SueBurs	24 Little Redean Lk. Rd Portland	272-2138
anne Carter	109-422 Little Rideric LK Rd forth	1 272-5444
Tom K	u u	il
Ellis Stavenson		728-3181
MAURICE BOUGHAND	RIDEAU MACRESORT 613	329-8222
Pierre Podin	434 Mc Cann Rel	443-4993
Joon Oesch	1559 Chaffyis Lock Rd	359-6364
Dave Blank	NEWBORD, ON KOGIPO	2725335

Please Sign In

Northland Power – First Public Meeting

Projects:

Crosby, McCann, and Rideau Lakes Solar Projects

Date:

Tuesday August 24, 2010

Name	Complete Mailing Address (Name, Street, City, Postal Code)	Phone
Mada	393 Narrows Lock Rd c	272-2227
JIM STEDMAN	FRIELGIN	2722729
Keith Mosher	10 Tett Cinele, RRZ, Wastport	273-8032
Kuth Vogel	Rl=2 Portland	275- 7291
John Kelk	RRZ Elezen UPPER RIDEAU LAKE ASSOCIATION	3591117
WENDY STEWART	PO BOX 217 WESTPORT KOG IXO	484-6228
Kon Stewarer	PO BOX 217 WEST PORT 406 NO	484-6228
m-lane trekand	RRI BRTLAND Rd	272-2524
N Brand	2RH 2 West put. ON	293-7604
Harry . Linda Barker	R. P. #1, Portland, On	272-2533
Brian & Jocelyne Lalon	de RP#1 Portland Ont	272-3589
Bro J. Mn Bra		7735783

Comment Sheet

Northland Power – Crosby, McCann and Rideau Lakes Solar Projects

First Public Meeting: Tuesday August 24, 2010

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Mailin —	g Address (including your postal code): 4955 Mc (4NN FD
	RRI Portland to G 1Vo.

WE WELCOME YOUR INPUT. PLEASE COMPLETE AND SUBMIT THIS COMMENT SHEET BEFORE LEAVING - THANK YOU

Alternatively, if you prefer to mail/fax your response, please do so within 30 days to:
Sean Male, Environmental Coordinator
4342 Queen St, Suite 500, Niagara Falls, Ontario, L2E 7J7
Phone: 905-374-5200 Fax: 905-374-1157

Comment Sheet

Northland Power – Crosby, McCann and Rideau Lakes Solar Projects

First Public Meeting: Tuesday August 24, 2010

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Comment Sheet

Northland Power – Crosby, McCann and Rideau Lakes Solar Projects

First Public Meeting: Tuesday August 24, 2010

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Comment Sheet

Northland Power – Crosby, McCann and Rideau Lakes Solar Projects

First Public Meeting: Tuesday August 24, 2010

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and full mailing address below:

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WE WELCOME YOUR INPUT. PLEASE COMPLETE AND SUBMIT THIS COMMENT SHEET BEFORE LEAVING - THANK YOU

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Phone: 905-374-5200 Fax: 905-374-1157



Appendix D Copies of Display Boards, Comment Sheets and Sign-in Sheets from Final Public Meeting



Welcomes You to the Final Public Meeting

for the McCann Solar Project

Wednesday, June 22, 2011 6:00 pm to 8:00 pm Portland Community Hall 24 Water Street, Portland, Ontairo



Purpose of this Public Meeting

A public meeting to communicate project details and to solicit stakeholder input is an important aspect of the Renewable Energy Approval (REA) process and project planning.

This public meeting provides an opportunity to:

- Ask questions about the proposed Projects and the REA Project Documents
- Obtain more information about Northland Power
- Gain a greater understanding of the REA process
- Provide any further issues or concerns regarding the proposed Projects

HOW can I provide comments or concerns?

A number of methods are available for providing comments or concerns. You can:

- Fill out a comment form provided at this public meeting. This form can also be used to register your name and mailing address so you are included on the Project mailing list.
- Discuss your comments or concerns with one of the representatives of Northland Power or Hatch present at this pubic meeting.
- Contact the Environmental Coordinator for the Projects via the following information:

Sean Male, MSc

Environmental Coordinator

Hatch Ltd.

Address: 4342 Queen Street, Suite 500

Niagara Falls, Ontario, L2E 7J7

Phone: 905-374-0701 Ext 5280

Fax: 905-374-1157 Email smale@hatch.ca

We ask that any additional comments be received within 14 days, by Wednesday, July 6, 2011 following the Final Public Meeting.

For more information please visit:

www.northlandpower.ca



Northland Power

Northland Power develops and operates clean and green power generation facilities, mainly in the provinces of Ontario and Quebec, with Saskatchewan being added to that list shortly. Our facilities produce about 870 MW of electricity. Northland Power has been in business since 1987 and has been publicly traded since 1997.

Sustainability is a core value at Northland Power. All of our development efforts and operational practices focus on providing long term benefits to our customers, investors, employees, communities and partners.

For Northland Power, sustainability has many dimensions:

Environmental: Northland Power was founded on the belief that clean and green energy sources are vital to the future of our planet. Our construction and operational practices are engineered to meet the highest environmental standards, even in jurisdictions where lower standards are legislated.

Community: Northland Power takes an active interest in its host communities to ensure they remain vibrant, healthy places to live.

Operational: Northland Power maintains and reinvests in their operating assets to achieve maximum efficiency and economic life. Health and Safety: Ensuring that our staff has the knowledge, tools and time to work safely is Northland's first priority. Our culture of safety, respect and independence helps to ensure we attract and retain the people that we need to perform.

Financial: Northland Power consistently chooses long term success over short term gain. Northland Power only pursues projects that meet strict return thresholds and have creditworthy customers. As a result, we have paid stable monthly dividends since 1997.

■ HATCH

Northland Power has retained Hatch Ltd. to undertake the Renewable Energy Approval (REA) process, subject to the provisions of the Environmental Protection Act Part V.0.1 and Ontario Regulation 359/09. Hatch is an Ontario-based consulting, engineering and management company with operations worldwide and a reputation for excellence acquired over 80 years of continuous service to its clients. Hatch will undertake the REA process from its Niagara Falls, Ontario office.



Solar Technology

A solar photovoltaic (PV) module (or panel, as they are often called) transforms the suns energy into electrical energy. Silicon, a semi-conductor, is the material that transforms a ray of sunshine into electricity. The silicon is located within a grid (commonly made of metal) that conducts electricity. When the sunlight hits the silicon, electrons flow from the silicon into the grid, thereby producing electricity. The silicon and metallic grid are located beneath a layer of glass to provide weather protection. The glass has a special coating applied to maximize the capture of sunlight by the panel, thereby reducing glare.

Advantages of Solar Energy

Solar power has a multitude of advantages compared to most other power generation technologies.

- First and foremost, the fuel is free. As the cost of many fossil fuels is expected to increase in the future, having solar energy on the grid at a set price will give greater stability to future energy prices.
- Another key benefit is the absence of any green house gas emissions and other pollutants. This ensures that the local community will not have to live with poor air quality or noxious odours.
- Solar PV systems are comprised of safe, common materials that will not affect the lands on which they are located, allowing for easy remediation upon decommissioning.
- Most solar PV systems have no moving parts, unlike almost all other power generation technologies. Having no moving parts reduces the environmental impact, maintenance costs, and noise levels of this type of power generation.
- There is a natural supply/demand match that is inherent to solar power, as the sun rises and sets in parallel with society's general daily electricity demand pattern. This helps mitigate the need for the development of other technologies that traditionally meet peak electricity demand



Ontario's Feed-in-Tariff (FIT) program was launched by the Ontario Power Authority on October 1, 2009 to encourage the development of renewable energy resources and to stimulate growth in green technology and renewable power industries.

The Ontario Power Authority awarded 184 FIT contracts to renewable power developers in Ontario on April 8, 2010. Northland Power was awarded a total of 13 contracts for proposed solar ground-mount developments throughout the province. These projects are currently proceeding through the REA process.

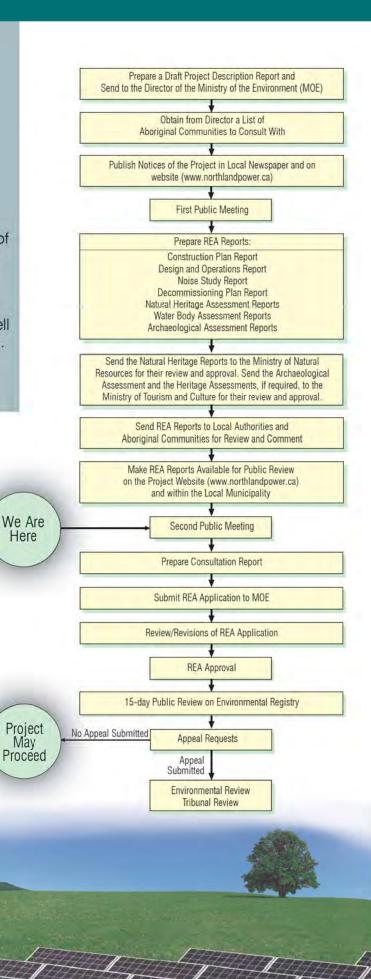


Renewable Energy Approval Process

The proposed Project is subject to the (REA) process, subject to the provisions of Part V.O.1 of the Environmental Protection Act and Ontario Regulation 359/09. The REA process entails consideration of environmental aspects, including natural heritage features and water bodies, as well as heritage and archaeological resources. In addition, the REA process includes public, government agency and First Nation consultation.

The main components of the REA process are shown in the flow diagram.

NORTHLAND



Project Location

The proposed Project is located on McCann Road, northeast of the community of Newboro within the Rideau Lakes Township. The proposed Project, if approved, will be constructed on privately owned lands.

Project Description

The proposed McCann Solar Project is considered to be a Class 3 solar facility, as defined under the Environmental Protection Act (Act) Part V.0.1 and Ontario Regulation 359/09. Class 3 solar facilities are defined as having a name plate capacity of 10 kilowatts (kW) or greater and the solar panels are mounted on the ground. Specifically, this proposed Project has a nameplate capacity of

The proposed Project will use crystalline technology photovoltaic (PV) panels installed on ground-mounted rack structures made of steel and aluminum. The panels will be titled and fixed in place (i.e., they will not move to track the sun). The project will consist of approximately 50,000 panels and will be designed to optimize

Project Schedule - McCann Solar Project

FIT Application – November 2009

Submission of Project Description to MOE - April 2010

FIT Contract Award - April 2010

First Public Meeting - August 2010

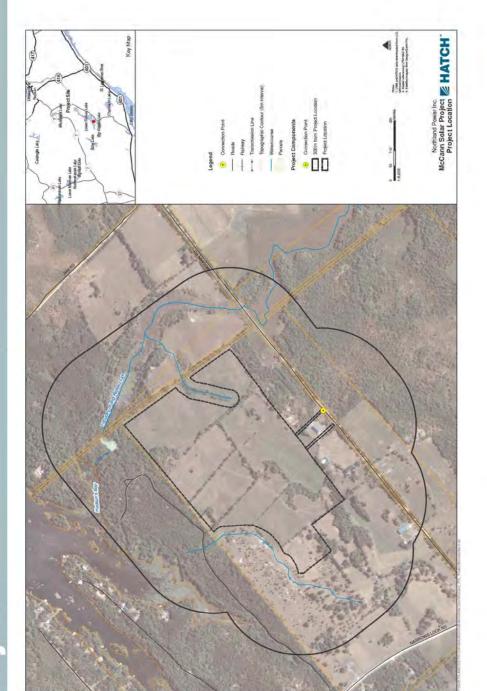
Final Public Meeting – June 2011

REA Application Submission – July 2011 REA Received – December 2011/January 2012

Start of Construction - 2012

Commercial Operation Date - Fall 2012

For more information regarding this Project please visit the Project website at northlandpower.ca/mccann





Construction

Construction of the proposed Projects is anticipated to start following the appropriate approvals, in the Spring of 2012. The construction take approximately 6-9 months and will consist of:

- Site Preparation
- Construction and Installation of the Facility
- Testing and Commissioning
- Site Restoration

Each day construction will normally begin at 7:00 am and end at 5:00 pm. If a longer construction day becomes required, the Project will follow local municipal requirements and minimize impacts to the local community.

Site preparation refers to activities such as:

- Surveying/staking, site clearing and grubbing (where required)
- · Construction of access roads and drainage systems
- · Installation of fencing, and construction of a laydown area

It is anticipated that these activities will require several months to complete

Construction and installation of the facility includes:

- · Pouring of the concrete foundations for electrical equipment
- Installation of electrical equipment such as inverters and transformers, interconnection cable trenching
- Instalation of PV panel supports and the racking systems
- · Placement of PV panels

Testing and commissioning will be performed prior to start-up and connection to the power grid. Solar modules, inverters, collection system, and substation will be checked for system continuity, reliability, and performance standards.

Site restoration will be applicable for the entire Project location. The main objective will be to (i) establish ground cover and drainage within the solar panel footprint and (ii) re-instate temporarily disturbed areas to the original pre-construction. All construction material, equipment, temporary facilities, and waste will be removed from the site. Revegetation will include planting of native plants and hydro-seeding where required.



Construction - Environmental Effects

Potential environmental effects during construction are addressed within the Project reports. Based on our initial public consultation, two specific areas of concern relating to construction that have been identified were:

- Impacts to Groundwater
 - · Generation of Dust

Groundwate

Northland Power does not anticipate any impacts to groundwater as a result of Project construction but will implement a local well water monitoring plan and a contingency plan.

Northland Power is working with the Ministry of the Environment to develop a monitoring program to establish baseline conditions within nearby wells prior to construction. This program will include the following steps:

- Contacting all well owners within 500 m of the Project location, prior to construction, to request permission to conduct a 'Well Survey'
- Provide well owners with a list of questions to assist in establishing well history (e.g. construction type, groundwater quality and quantity)
- Collect water samples from the well to be analyzed
 (e.g. alkalinity, pH, colour, turbidity, bacteria, hardness, etc.)

Regardless of whether you participate in the survey, all landowners within 500 m will also be provided with emergency contact information for Northland Power should an individual believe that the water quality within their well is impacted during construction Response steps include immediately sampling the well water and providing bottled water to the impacted party if a problem is confirmed related to the Northland Power construction activities. Northland Power will immediately implement their contingency plan to determine the cause of the impact and the corrective measures required to restore groundwater quality within the well.

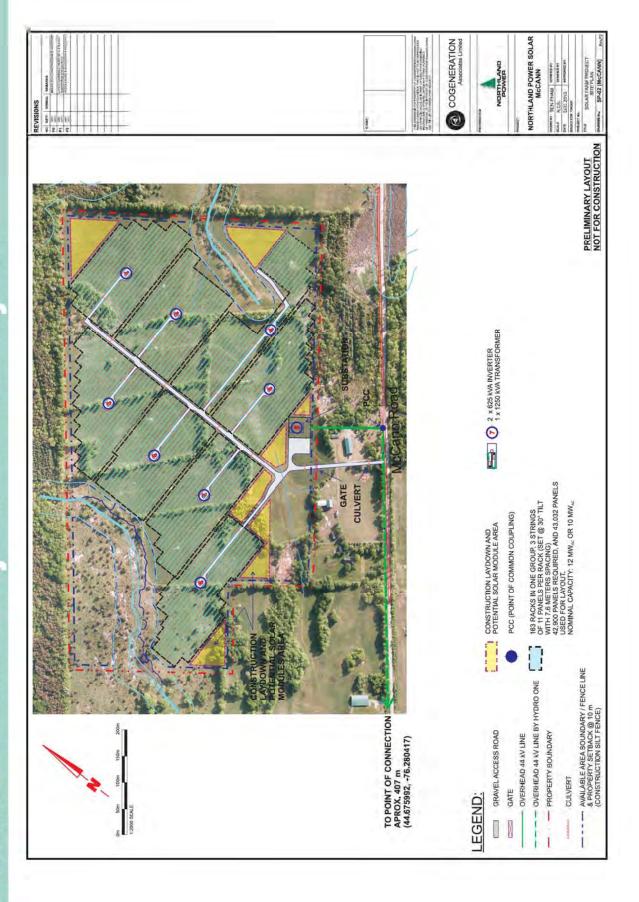
Dust may become airborne from vehicular traffic, heavy machinery use, and soil moving activities. Dust will be controlled using standard best management practices. These mitigation measures are to include, as required:

- Use of dust suppression (e.g., water, Calcium Chloride) as necessary
- Hard surfacing (addition of coarse rock) of access roads or other high-traffic work areas
- Phased construction, where possible, to limit the amount of time soils are exposed
- Avoid earth-moving works during excessively windy weather
- Stockpiles and other disturbed areas to be stabilized as necessary
 (e.g., taped, mulched, graded, revegetated or watered to create a hard surface crust)
- Dust curtain to be used on loaded dump trucks delivering materials from off site

The use of these mitigation measures would be expected to mitigate most effects of dust on local air quality, with any impacts expected to be temporary in nature.



McCann Solar Project - Site Layout



Operation

Following construction, the operations phase is expected to commence in Fall of 2012. Operations will consist of routine maintenance inspections and general up keep of the Projects (e.g., panel cleaning and mowing). Otherwise, no on-site staff will be required.

Visual inspections of the transformers and erosion and sedimentation control measures are to occur monthly. Panel cleaning may or may not be required, depending on weather conditions, and if required, any water used will be brought to the site. No chemicals will be used for cleaning.

Vegetation, including underneath the panels, will be selected to minimize maintenance activities (e.g., mowing) and to provide groundcover to both protect and enhance the soil and to provide wildlife habitat. Presently, a mix of low growing, weed-resistant turf type fescues is proposed. Herbicides will not be used to control vegetation growth during operations.

Site security will consist of fencing and limited lighting near the entrance of the facility. Fencing will consist of a 2 meter high wire fence, with barb wire along the top of the fence.

For more information, please refer to the Project's Design and Operation Report

Potential environmental effects during operations are addressed within the Project reports. Based on our initial public consultation, two of the specific areas of concern relating to operation that have been identified were:

- Visual Impact
- Noise Impact

These are discussed separately on the following boards



McCann Solar Project

Visual of Site McCann Solar Project

An artist rendering of the McCann Solar Project following installation is shown below.

Tall grasses and/or other vegetation may also be considered as additional beautification measures.







Noise

Noise Study

has been completed in accordance with Ministry of Environment guidelines. It has been determined that noise levels will not exceed 40 dBA at sensitive A detailed analysis of the noise emissions to be produced by the Project receptors at any time of day in accordance with regulated noise levels.

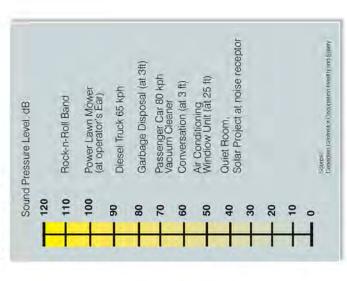
not been completed. For that reason, scenario for potential noise impacts, profiles of those components under

this study reflects a "worst case" by modeling the highest sound

consideration.

(i.e. inverters and transformers) had studies, final component selection At the time of preparing the noise

Noise Barometer







McCann Solar Project

Natural Heritage Assessment

Existing Environment

The terrestrial environment on the Project location is described as follows:

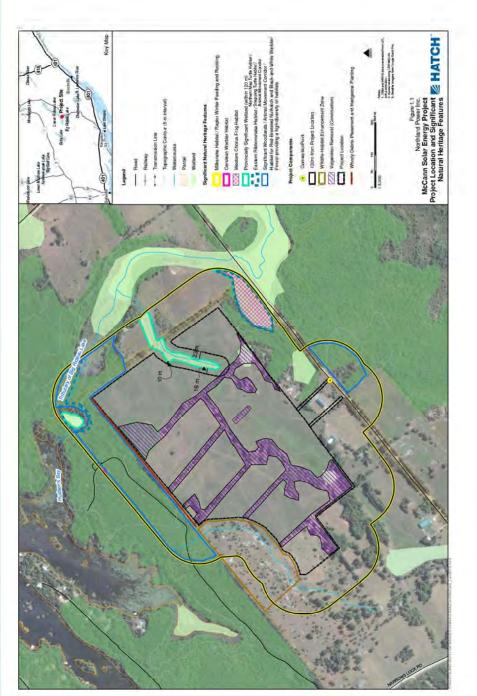
- Primarily agricultural lands, predominated by grasses for cow pasture. The areas that are not in agricultural production are comprised of natural features such as woodlands and wetlands.
- Significant wildlife habitat includes a forest providing a high density habitat, an animal movement corridor and habitat for Cerulean Warbler, Western Chorus Frog., Eastern Ribbonsnake, Milksnake, Northern Map Turtle, Snapping Turtle, Red-Breasted Nuthatch, and Black-and-White Warbler
- The wetland within 120 m of the Project location will be treated as Provincially Significant Wetland
- There are significant woodlands on and within 120 m of the Project location

Miligation Measures for Environmental Protection

A variety of mitigation measures will be used to limit any impact on the terrestrial environment, Examples of these include:

- Avoidance of encroachment on many of the significant natural features
- Demarcation of work areas to prevent encroachment beyond designated sites
- Construction outside of the bird breeding period wherever possible
- Visual search following completion of fence for trapped wildlife Visual monitoring of work areas, equipment and access roads prior to start of work each day to search for wildlife species,
- Wildlife habitat enhancement activities, including planting of hedgerows and scattering of woody debris along perimeter

There will be no change to the existing environment outside of the Project location





McCann Solar Project

Waterbodies

Existing Environment

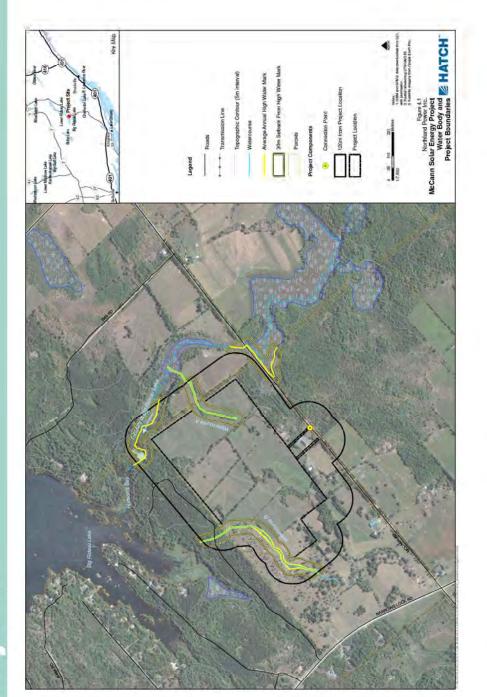
There are four (4) waterbodies on or within 120 m of the Project location.

Mitigation Measures for Environmental Protection

A variety of standard mitigation measures will be used to limit any impact on the aquatic environment. Examples of these include:

- No Project components will be installed within 30 m of the average annual high water mark of any water body
- Dense ground cover vegetation will be allowed to grow naturally within 30 m setback from waterbodies to improve runoff filtration and riparian habitat
- Erosion and sedimentation controls
- (e.g., silt fencing, site stabilization, construction phasing)
- Stormwater Management measures (e.g., site revegetation, enhanced vegetated swales)
- Spill Prevention and response measures (e.g., handling protocols, secured storage areas, clean-up
- Dust control measures

(e.g., watering of access roads, tarping of stock piles)





Decommissioning

It is anticipated that decommissioning will occur in 2032 following the expected 20 year lifespan of the Project. Decommissioning will consist of:

- Equipment dismantling and removal
- Site restoration

Equipment dismantling and removal will include the PV modules, electrical equipment, access roads and foundations as well as any other facility equipment. Equipment and material may be salvaged for resale, scrap value or disposal, depending on market conditions.

Site restoration will consist of the following, subject to environmental requirements and the wishes of the landowner:

- · All equipment, foundations and material (including roads) will be removed from site
- Any damage to existing tile drainage system, if applicable, will be repaired/restored
- Any excavation and/or trench will be backfilled and graded to original contours
- Should the subsoil be negatively affected and compromise the future productive use of the land, the following will be implemented: first the topsoil will be removed and stockpiled; then the subsoil may be ripped and tilled prior to grading it; topsoil will then be replaced and revegetated
- Should the soil be negatively affected and compromise the future productive use of the land, nutrients may be added or fertilizers deployed
- Topsoil and compost will be blended where required, spread and replaced to original depth
- Hydroseeding with approved seed mixture and mulching during the appropriate seasonal conditions

For more information, please refer to the Project's Decommissioning Plan Report



Next Steps

- Following the completion of this Final Public Meeting, all comments and concerns will be incorporated into the REA Project Documents and the Project proposals. Then a submission to the Ministry of the Environment will be made to obtain a Renewable Energy Approval.
- Following the acceptance of the REA submission, the Ministry of the Environment will post on the Environmental Registry;
 (http://www.ebr.gov.on.ca/ERS-WEB-External/) a proposal notice for public comment and review. Comments can then be submitted directly to the Ministry of the Environment.
- Lastly, the Ministry of the Environment provides a decision notice of the Projects. If no appeals are received, the Projects can move forward with construction, pending any further required approvals.

Again, we request that any comments please be sent by:

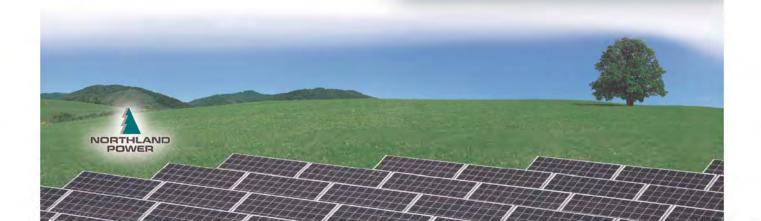
Wednesday, July 6, 2011, Two (2) weeks following the Final Public Meeting.



Thank you for attending this Final Public Meeting

Your opinion is important to us

Please Fill Out A Comment Form



Please Sign In

(PLEASE USE BLOCK LETTERS)

Northland Power - McCann Solar Project - Public Meeting

Project: McCann Solar Project

Date: Wednesday, June 22, 2011

Name	Co	Phone		
	Street	City	Postal Code	(Please include area code)
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Stophen Ball		Dalta	KOE160	
Pave Heagle	11 Carleton St.	Newbore	KOG 1PO	613-272-5727
JOHN HAIL	NAKROWS LOCK	CR0 4B4		
na John Olikman	R.21	Portland	KOGIVO	613-212-2296
Trans May See Coh.	7573 Selilis Way	North hover	Ke + 270	613-898-5705
Brad All	2100 Portland od	Elgin,	KOG 1EO	613-359-592/
Ryan Flattes	784 McCan Rd.	Portland	KB6 1VD	6/3-272-538

*Please note that all information provided will be publicly available

Comment Sheet

Final Public Meeting: Wednesday June 22, 2011 Northland Power –McCann Solar Project

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WE WELCOME YOUR INPUT. PLEASE COMPLETE AND SUBMIT THIS COMMENT SHEET BEFORE LEAVING - THANK YOU

Alternatively, if you prefer to mail/fax your response, please do so within 14 days (by July 6, 2011) to:

Sean Male, Environmental Coordinator 4342 Queen St, Suite 500, Niagara Falls, Ontario, L2E 7J7 Phone: 905-374-5200 Fax: 905-374-1157

For more information regarding the McCann Solar Project, please visit northlandpower.ca/mccann

*Please note that all information provided will be publicly available

Comment Sheet

Final Public Meeting: Wednesday June 22, 2011 Northland Power –McCann Solar Project

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	d you like to be included on the Project mailing list, please provide your name ling address below:	
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	Mailing Address (including your postal code): 184 McCann Mond	
	Detail not a	

WE WELCOME YOUR INPUT. PLEASE COMPLETE AND SUBMIT THIS COMMENT SHEET BEFORE LEAVING - THANK YOU

Alternatively, if you prefer to mail/fax your response, please do so within 14 days (by July 6, 2011) to:

Sean Male, Environmental Coordinator 4342 Queen St, Suite 500, Niagara Falls, Ontario, L2E 7J7 Phone: 905-374-5200 Fax: 905-374-1157

For more information regarding the McCann Solar Project, please visit northlandpower.ca/mccann

*Please note that all information provided will be publicly available